

INTEGRALS

ELEMENTARY FORMS

1. $\int a \, dx = ax$

2. $\int a \cdot f(x) \, dx = a \int f(x) \, dx$

3. $\int \phi(y) \, dx = \int \frac{\phi(y)}{y'} dy, \quad \text{where } y' = \frac{dy}{dx}$

4. $\int (u + v) \, dx = \int u \, dx + \int v \, dx, \quad \text{where } u \text{ and } v \text{ are any functions of } x$

5. $\int u \, dv = u \int dv - \int v \, du = uv - \int v \, du$

6. $\int u \frac{dv}{dx} \, dx = uv - \int v \frac{du}{dx} \, dx$

7. $\int x^n \, dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1}, \quad \text{except } n = -1$

8. $\int \frac{f'(x) \, dx}{f(x)} = \log f(x), \quad (df(x) = f'(x) \, dx)$

9. $\int \frac{dx}{x} = \log x$

10. $\int \frac{f'(x) \, dx}{2\sqrt{f(x)}} = \sqrt{f(x)}, \quad (df(x) = f'(x) \, dx)$

11. $\int e^x \, dx = e^x$

12. $\int e^{ax} \, dx = e^{ax}/a$

13. $\int b^{ax} \, dx = \frac{b^{ax}}{a \log b}, \quad (b > 0)$

14. $\int \log x \, dx = x \log x - x$

15. $\int a^x \log a \, dx = a^x, \quad (a > 0)$

16. $\int \frac{dx}{a^2 + x^2} = \frac{1}{a} \tan^{-1} \frac{x}{a}$

17. $\int \frac{dx}{a^2 - x^2} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{a} \tanh^{-1} \frac{x}{a} \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{1}{2a} \log \frac{a+x}{a-x}, \quad (a^2 > x^2) \end{cases}$

18. $\int \frac{dx}{x^2 - a^2} = \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{a} \coth^{-1} \frac{x}{a} \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{1}{2a} \log \frac{x-a}{x+a}, \quad (x^2 > a^2) \end{cases}$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

$$19. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} = \begin{cases} \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{|a|} \\ \quad \text{or} \\ -\cos^{-1} \frac{x}{|a|}, \quad (a^2 > x^2) \end{cases}$$

$$20. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}} = \log(x + \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2})$$

$$21. \int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{x^2 - a^2}} = \frac{1}{|a|} \sec^{-1} \frac{x}{a}$$

$$22. \int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{a^2 \pm x^2}} = -\frac{1}{a} \log \left(\frac{a + \sqrt{a^2 \pm x^2}}{x} \right)$$

FORMS CONTAINING $(a+bx)$

For forms containing $a+bx$, but not listed in the table, the substitution $u = \frac{a+bx}{x}$ may prove helpful.

$$23. \int (a+bx)^n dx = \frac{(a+bx)^{n+1}}{(n+1)b}, \quad (n \neq -1)$$

$$24. \int x(a+bx)^n dx = \frac{1}{b^2(n+2)}(a+bx)^{n+2} - \frac{a}{b^2(n+1)}(a+bx)^{n+1}, \quad (n \neq -1, -2)$$

$$25. \int x^2(a+bx)^n dx = \frac{1}{b^3} \left[\frac{(a+bx)^{n+3}}{n+3} - 2a \frac{(a+bx)^{n+2}}{n+2} + a^2 \frac{(a+bx)^{n+1}}{n+1} \right]$$

$$26. \int x^m(a+bx)^n dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x^{m+1}(a+bx)^n}{m+n+1} + \frac{an}{m+n+1} \int x^m(a+bx)^{n-1} dx \\ \quad \text{or} \\ \frac{1}{a(n+1)} \left[-x^{m+1}(a+bx)^{n+1} + (m+n+2) \int x^m(a+bx)^{n+1} dx \right] \\ \quad \text{or} \\ \frac{1}{b(m+n+1)} \left[x^m(a+bx)^{n+1} - ma \int x^{m-1}(a+bx)^n dx \right] \end{cases}$$

$$27. \int \frac{dx}{a+bx} = \frac{1}{b} \log(a+bx)$$

$$28. \int \frac{dx}{(a+bx)^2} = -\frac{1}{b(a+bx)}$$

$$29. \int \frac{dx}{(a+bx)^3} = -\frac{1}{2b(a+bx)^2}$$

$$30. \int \frac{x dx}{a+bx} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{b^2} [a+bx - a \log(a+bx)] \\ \quad \text{or} \\ \frac{x}{b} - \frac{a}{b^2} \log(a+bx) \end{cases}$$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

31. $\int \frac{x dx}{(a+bx)^2} = \frac{1}{b^2} \left[\log(a+bx) + \frac{a}{a+bx} \right]$

32. $\int \frac{x dx}{(a+bx)^n} = \frac{1}{b^2} \left[\frac{-1}{(n-2)(a+bx)^{n-2}} + \frac{a}{(n-1)(a+bx)^{n-1}} \right], \quad n \neq 1, 2$

33. $\int \frac{x^2 dx}{a+bx} = \frac{1}{b^3} \left[\frac{1}{2}(a+bx)^2 - 2a(a+bx) + a^2 \log(a+bx) \right]$

34. $\int \frac{x^2 dx}{(a+bx)^2} = \frac{1}{b^3} \left[a + bx - 2a \log(a+bx) - \frac{a^2}{a+bx} \right]$

35. $\int \frac{x^2 dx}{(a+bx)^3} = \frac{1}{b^3} \left[\log(a+bx) + \frac{2a}{a+bx} - \frac{a^2}{2(a+bx)^2} \right]$

36. $\int \frac{x^2 dx}{(a+bx)^n} = \frac{1}{b^3} \left[\frac{-1}{(n-3)(a+bx)^{n-3}} + \frac{2a}{(n-2)(a+bx)^{n-2}} - \frac{a^2}{(n-1)(a+bx)^{n-1}} \right], \quad n \neq 1, 2, 3$

37. $\int \frac{dx}{x(a+bx)} = -\frac{1}{a} \log \frac{a+bx}{x}$

38. $\int \frac{dx}{x(a+bx)^2} = \frac{1}{a(a+bx)} - \frac{1}{a^2} \log \frac{a+bx}{x}$

39. $\int \frac{dx}{x(a+bx)^3} = \frac{1}{a^3} \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2a+bx}{a+bx} \right)^2 + \log \frac{x}{a+bx} \right]$

40. $\int \frac{dx}{x^2(a+bx)} = -\frac{1}{ax} + \frac{b}{a^2} \log \frac{a+bx}{x}$

41. $\int \frac{dx}{x^3(a+bx)} = \frac{2bx-a}{2a^2x^2} + \frac{b^2}{a^3} \log \frac{x}{a+bx}$

42. $\int \frac{dx}{x^2(a+bx)^2} = -\frac{a+2bx}{a^2x(a+bx)} + \frac{2b}{a^3} \log \frac{a+bx}{x}$

FORMS CONTAINING $c^2 \pm x^2, x^2 - c^2$

43. $\int \frac{dx}{c^2+x^2} = \frac{1}{c} \tan^{-1} \frac{x}{c}$

44. $\int \frac{dx}{c^2-x^2} = \frac{1}{2c} \log \frac{c+x}{c-x}, \quad (c^2 > x^2)$

45. $\int \frac{dx}{x^2-c^2} = \frac{1}{2c} \log \frac{x-c}{x+c}, \quad (x^2 > c^2)$

46. $\int \frac{x dx}{c^2 \pm x^2} = \pm \frac{1}{2} \log(c^2 \pm x^2)$

47. $\int \frac{x dx}{(c^2 \pm x^2)^{n+1}} = \mp \frac{1}{2n(c^2 \pm x^2)^n}$

48. $\int \frac{dx}{(c^2 \pm x^2)^n} = \frac{1}{2c^2(n-1)} \left[\frac{x}{(c^2 \pm x^2)^{n-1}} + (2n-3) \int \frac{dx}{(c^2 \pm x^2)^{n-1}} \right]$

49. $\int \frac{dx}{(x^2 - c^2)^n} = \frac{1}{2c^2(n-1)} \left[-\frac{x}{(x^2 - c^2)^{n-1}} - (2n-3) \int \frac{dx}{(x^2 - c^2)^{n-1}} \right]$

50. $\int \frac{x dx}{x^2 - c^2} = \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2 - c^2)$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

51. $\int \frac{x \, dx}{(x^2 - c^2)^{n+1}} = -\frac{1}{2n(x^2 - c^2)^n}$

FORMS CONTAINING $a + bx$ and $c + dx$
 $u = a + bx$, $v = c + dx$, $k = ad - bc$

If $k = 0$, then $v = \frac{c}{a}u$

52. $\int \frac{dx}{u \cdot v} = \frac{1}{k} \cdot \log\left(\frac{v}{u}\right)$

53. $\int \frac{x \, dx}{u \cdot v} = \frac{1}{k} \left[\frac{a}{b} \log(u) - \frac{c}{d} \log(v) \right]$

54. $\int \frac{dx}{u^2 \cdot v} = \frac{1}{k} \left(\frac{1}{u} + \frac{d}{k} \log \frac{v}{u} \right)$

55. $\int \frac{x \, dx}{u^2 \cdot v} = \frac{-a}{bku} - \frac{c}{k^2} \log \frac{v}{u}$

56. $\int \frac{x^2 \, dx}{u^2 \cdot v} = \frac{a^2}{b^2 ku} + \frac{1}{k^2} \left[\frac{c^2}{d} \log(v) + \frac{a(k - bc)}{b^2} \log(u) \right]$

57. $\int \frac{dx}{u^n \cdot v^m} = \frac{1}{k(m-1)} \left[\frac{-1}{u^{n-1} \cdot v^{m-1}} - (m+n-2)b \int \frac{dx}{u^n \cdot v^{m-1}} \right]$

58. $\int \frac{u}{v} \, dx = \frac{bx}{d} + \frac{k}{d^2} \log(v)$

59. $\int \frac{u^m \, dx}{v^n} = \begin{cases} \frac{-1}{k(n-1)} \left[\frac{u^{m+1}}{v^{n-1}} + b(n-m-2) \int \frac{u^m}{v^{n-1}} \, dx \right] \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{-1}{d(n-m-1)} \left[\frac{u^m}{v^{n-1}} + mk \int \frac{u^{m-1}}{v^n} \, dx \right] \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{-1}{d(n-1)} \left[\frac{u^m}{v^{n-1}} - mb \int \frac{u^{m-1}}{v^{n-1}} \, dx \right] \end{cases}$

FORMS CONTAINING $(a + bx^n)$

60. $\int \frac{dx}{a + bx^2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{ab}} \tan^{-1} \frac{x\sqrt{ab}}{a}, \quad (ab > 0)$

61. $\int \frac{dx}{a + bx^2} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{-ab}} \log \frac{a + x\sqrt{-ab}}{a - x\sqrt{-ab}}, & (ab < 0) \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{-ab}} \tanh^{-1} \frac{x\sqrt{-ab}}{a}, & (ab < 0) \end{cases}$

62. $\int \frac{dx}{a^2 + b^2 x^2} = \frac{1}{ab} \tan^{-1} \frac{bx}{a}$

63. $\int \frac{x \, dx}{a + bx^2} = \frac{1}{2b} \log(a + bx^2)$

64. $\int \frac{x^2 \, dx}{a + bx^2} = \frac{x}{b} - \frac{a}{b} \int \frac{dx}{a + bx^2}$

65. $\int \frac{dx}{(a + bx^2)^2} = \frac{x}{2a(a + bx^2)} + \frac{1}{2a} \int \frac{dx}{a + bx^2}$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

66. $\int \frac{dx}{a^2 - b^2 x^2} = \frac{1}{2ab} \log \frac{a+bx}{a-bx}$

67. $\int \frac{dx}{(a+bx^2)^{m+1}} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2ma} \frac{x}{(a+bx^2)^m} + \frac{2m-1}{2ma} \int \frac{dx}{(a+bx^2)^m} \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{(2m)!}{(m!)^2} \left[\frac{x}{2a} \sum_{r=1}^m \frac{r!(r-1)!}{(4a)^{m-r}(2r)!(a+bx^2)^r} + \frac{1}{(4a)^m} \int \frac{dx}{a+bx^2} \right] \end{cases}$

68. $\int \frac{x \, dx}{(a+bx^2)^{m+1}} = -\frac{1}{2bm(a+bx^2)^m}$

69. $\int \frac{x^2 \, dx}{(a+bx^2)^{m+1}} = \frac{-x}{2mb(a+bx^2)^m} + \frac{1}{2mb} \int \frac{dx}{(a+bx^2)^m}$

70. $\int \frac{dx}{x(a+bx^2)} = \frac{1}{2a} \log \frac{x^2}{a+bx^2}$

71. $\int \frac{dx}{x^2(a+bx^2)} = -\frac{1}{ax} - \frac{b}{a} \int \frac{dx}{a+bx^2}$

72. $\int \frac{dx}{x(a+bx^2)^{m+1}} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2am(a+bx^2)^m} + \frac{1}{a} \int \frac{dx}{x(a+bx^2)^m} \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{1}{2a^{m+1}} \left[\sum_{r=1}^m \frac{a^r}{r(a+bx^2)^r} + \log \frac{x^2}{a+bx^2} \right] \end{cases}$

73. $\int \frac{dx}{x^2(a+bx^2)^{m+1}} = \frac{1}{a} \int \frac{dx}{x^2(a+bx^2)^m} - \frac{b}{a} \int \frac{dx}{(a+bx^2)^{m+1}}$

74. $\int \frac{dx}{a+bx^3} = \frac{k}{3a} \left[\frac{1}{2} \log \frac{(k+x)^3}{a+bx^3} + \sqrt{3} \tan^{-1} \frac{2x-k}{k\sqrt{3}} \right], \quad \left(k = \sqrt[3]{\frac{a}{b}} \right)$

75. $\int \frac{x \, dx}{a+bx^3} = \frac{1}{3bk} \left[\frac{1}{2} \log \frac{a+bx^3}{(k+x)^3} + \sqrt{3} \tan^{-1} \frac{2x-k}{k\sqrt{3}} \right], \quad \left(k = \sqrt[3]{\frac{a}{b}} \right)$

76. $\int \frac{x^2 \, dx}{a+bx^3} = \frac{1}{3b} \log(a+bx^3)$

77. $\int \frac{dx}{a+bx^4} = \frac{k}{2a} \left[\frac{1}{2} \log \frac{x^2 + 2kx + 2k^2}{x^2 - 2kx + 2k^2} + \tan^{-1} \frac{2kx}{2k^2 - x^2} \right], \quad \left(ab > 0, k = \sqrt[4]{\frac{a}{4b}} \right)$

78. $\int \frac{dx}{a+bx^4} = \frac{k}{2a} \left[\frac{1}{2} \log \frac{x+k}{x-k} + \tan^{-1} \frac{x}{k} \right], \quad \left(ab < 0, k = \sqrt[4]{-\frac{a}{b}} \right)$

79. $\int \frac{x \, dx}{a+bx^4} = \frac{1}{2bk} \tan^{-1} \frac{x^2}{k}, \quad \left(ab > 0, k = \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} \right)$

80. $\int \frac{x \, dx}{a+bx^4} = \frac{1}{4bk} \log \frac{x^2 - k}{x^2 + k}, \quad \left(ab < 0, k = \sqrt{\frac{-a}{b}} \right)$

81. $\int \frac{x^2 \, dx}{a+bx^4} = \frac{1}{4bk} \left[\frac{1}{2} \log \frac{x^2 - 2kx + 2k^2}{x^2 + 2kx + 2k^2} + \tan^{-1} \frac{2kx}{2k^2 - x^2} \right], \quad \left(ab > 0, k = \sqrt[4]{\frac{a}{4b}} \right)$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

82. $\int \frac{x^2 dx}{a + bx^4} = \frac{1}{4bk} \left[\log \frac{x - k}{x + k} + 2 \tan^{-1} \frac{x}{k} \right], \quad \left(ab < 0, k = \sqrt[4]{-\frac{a}{b}} \right)$

83. $\int \frac{x^3 dx}{a + bx^4} = \frac{1}{4b} \log(a + bx^4)$

84. $\int \frac{dx}{x(a + bx^n)} = \frac{1}{an} \log \frac{x^n}{a + bx^n}$

85. $\int \frac{dx}{(a + bx^n)^{m+1}} = \frac{1}{a} \int \frac{dx}{(a + bx^n)^m} - \frac{b}{a} \int \frac{x^n dx}{(a + bx^n)^{m+1}}$

86. $\int \frac{x^m dx}{(a + bx^n)^{p+1}} = \frac{1}{b} \int \frac{x^{m-n} dx}{(a + bx^n)^p} - \frac{a}{b} \int \frac{x^{m-n} dx}{(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}$

87. $\int \frac{dx}{x^m(a + bx^n)^{p+1}} = \frac{1}{a} \int \frac{dx}{x^m(a + bx^n)^p} - \frac{b}{a} \int \frac{dx}{x^{m-n}(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}$

88. $\int x^m(a + bx^n)^p dx = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{b(np + m + 1)} \left[x^{m-n+1}(a + bx^n)^{p+1} - a(m - n + 1) \int x^{m-n}(a + bx^n)^p dx \right] \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{1}{np + m + 1} \left[x^{m+1}(a + bx^n)^p + anp \int x^m(a + bx^n)^{p-1} dx \right] \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{1}{a(m + 1)} \left[x^{m+1}(a + bx^n)^{p+1} - (m + 1 + np + n)b \int x^{m+n}(a + bx^n)^p dx \right] \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{1}{an(p + 1)} \left[-x^{m+1}(a + bx^n)^{p+1} + (m + 1 + np + n) \int x^m(a + bx^n)^{p+1} dx \right] \end{cases}$

FORMS CONTAINING $c^3 \pm x^3$

89. $\int \frac{dx}{c^3 \pm x^3} = \pm \frac{1}{6c^2} \log \frac{(c \pm x)^3}{c^3 \pm x^3} + \frac{1}{c^2\sqrt{3}} \tan^{-1} \frac{2x \mp c}{c\sqrt{3}}$

90. $\int \frac{dx}{(c^3 \pm x^3)^2} = \frac{x}{3c^3(c^3 \pm x^3)} + \frac{2}{3c^3} \int \frac{dx}{c^3 \pm x^3}$

91. $\int \frac{dx}{(c^3 \pm x^3)^{n+1}} = \frac{1}{3nc^3} \left[\frac{x}{(c^3 \pm x^3)^n} + (3n - 1) \int \frac{dx}{(c^3 \pm x^3)^n} \right]$

92. $\int \frac{x dx}{c^3 \pm x^3} = \frac{1}{6c} \log \frac{c^3 \pm x^3}{(c \pm x)^3} \pm \frac{1}{c\sqrt{3}} \tan^{-1} \frac{2x \mp c}{c\sqrt{3}}$

93. $\int \frac{x dx}{(c^3 \pm x^3)^2} = \frac{x^2}{3c^3(c^3 \pm x^3)} + \frac{1}{3c^3} \int \frac{x dx}{c^3 \pm x^3}$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

94. $\int \frac{x \, dx}{(c^3 \pm x^3)^{n+1}} = \frac{1}{3nc^3} \left[\frac{x^2}{(c^3 \pm x^3)^n} + (3n-2) \int \frac{x \, dx}{(c^3 \pm x^3)^n} \right]$

95. $\int \frac{x^2 \, dx}{c^3 \pm x^3} = \pm \frac{1}{3} \log(c^3 \pm x^3)$

96. $\int \frac{x^2 \, dx}{(c^3 \pm x^3)^{n+1}} = \mp \frac{1}{3n(c^3 \pm x^3)^n}$

97. $\int \frac{dx}{x(c^3 \pm x^3)} = \frac{1}{3c^3} \log \frac{x^3}{c^3 \pm x^3}$

98. $\int \frac{dx}{x(c^3 \pm x^3)^2} = \frac{1}{3c^3(c^3 \pm x^3)} + \frac{1}{3c^6} \log \frac{x^3}{c^3 \pm x^3}$

99. $\int \frac{dx}{x(c^3 \pm x^3)^{n+1}} = \frac{1}{3nc^3(c^3 \pm x^3)^n} + \frac{1}{c^3} \int \frac{dx}{x(c^3 \pm x^3)^n}$

100. $\int \frac{dx}{x^2(c^3 \pm x^3)} = -\frac{1}{c^3 x} \mp \frac{1}{c^3} \int \frac{x \, dx}{c^3 \pm x^3}$

101. $\int \frac{dx}{x^2(c^3 \pm x^3)^{n+1}} = \frac{1}{c^3} \int \frac{dx}{x^2(c^3 \pm x^3)^n} \mp \frac{1}{c^3} \int \frac{x \, dx}{(c^3 \pm x^3)^{n+1}}$

FORMS CONTAINING $c^4 \pm x^4$

102. $\int \frac{dx}{c^4 + x^4} = \frac{1}{2c^3\sqrt{2}} \left[\frac{1}{2} \log \frac{x^2 + cx\sqrt{2} + c^2}{x^2 - cx\sqrt{2} + c^2} + \tan^{-1} \frac{cx\sqrt{2}}{c^2 - x^2} \right]$

103. $\int \frac{dx}{c^4 - x^4} = \frac{1}{2c^3} \left[\frac{1}{2} \log \frac{c+x}{c-x} + \tan^{-1} \frac{x}{c} \right]$

104. $\int \frac{x \, dx}{c^4 + x^4} = \frac{1}{2c^2} \tan^{-1} \frac{x^2}{c^2}$

105. $\int \frac{x \, dx}{c^4 - x^4} = \frac{1}{4c^2} \log \frac{c^2 + x^2}{c^2 - x^2}$

106. $\int \frac{x^2 \, dx}{c^4 + x^4} = \frac{1}{2c\sqrt{2}} \left[\frac{1}{2} \log \frac{x^2 - cx\sqrt{2} + c^2}{x^2 + cx\sqrt{2} + c^2} + \tan^{-1} \frac{cx\sqrt{2}}{c^2 - x^2} \right]$

107. $\int \frac{x^2 \, dx}{c^4 - x^4} = \frac{1}{2c} \left[\frac{1}{2} \log \frac{c+x}{c-x} - \tan^{-1} \frac{x}{c} \right]$

108. $\int \frac{x^3 \, dx}{c^4 \pm x^4} = \pm \frac{1}{4} \log(c^4 \pm x^4)$

FORMS CONTAINING $(a + bx + cx^2)$

$X = a + bx + cx^2$ and $q = 4ac - b^2$

If $q = 0$, then $X = c \left(x + \frac{b}{2c} \right)^2$, and formulas starting with 23 should be used in place of these.

109. $\int \frac{dx}{X} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{q}} \tan^{-1} \frac{2cx+b}{\sqrt{q}}, \quad (q > 0)$

110. $\int \frac{dx}{X} = \begin{cases} \frac{-2}{\sqrt{-q}} \tanh^{-1} \frac{2cx+b}{\sqrt{-q}} \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{-q}} \log \frac{2cx+b-\sqrt{-q}}{2cx+b+\sqrt{-q}}, \quad (q < 0) \end{cases}$

111. $\int \frac{dx}{X^2} = \frac{2cx+b}{qX} + \frac{2c}{q} \int \frac{dx}{X}$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

112. $\int \frac{dx}{X^3} = \frac{2cx+b}{q} \left(\frac{1}{2X^2} + \frac{3c}{qX} \right) + \frac{6c^2}{q^2} \int \frac{dx}{X}$

113. $\int \frac{dx}{X^{n+1}} = \begin{cases} \frac{2cx+b}{nqX^n} + \frac{2(2n-1)c}{qn} \int \frac{dx}{X^n} \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{(2n)!}{(n!)^2} \left(\frac{c}{q} \right)^n \left[\frac{2cx+b}{q} \sum_{r=1}^n \left(\frac{q}{cX} \right)^r \left(\frac{(r-1)!r!}{(2r)!} \right) + \int \frac{dx}{X} \right] \end{cases}$

114. $\int \frac{x dx}{X} = \frac{1}{2c} \log X - \frac{b}{2c} \int \frac{dx}{X}$

115. $\int \frac{x dx}{X^2} = \frac{bx+2a}{qX} - \frac{b}{q} \int \frac{dx}{X}$

116. $\int \frac{x dx}{X^{n+1}} = -\frac{2a+bx}{nqX^n} - \frac{b(2n-1)}{nq} \int \frac{dx}{X^n}$

117. $\int \frac{x^2}{X} dx = \frac{x}{c} - \frac{b}{2c^2} \log X + \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{2c^2} \int \frac{dx}{X}$

118. $\int \frac{x^2}{X^2} dx = \frac{(b^2 - 2ac)x + ab}{cqX} + \frac{2a}{q} \int \frac{dx}{X}$

119. $\int \frac{x^m dx}{X^{n+1}} = -\frac{x^{m-1}}{(2n-m+1)cX^n} - \frac{n-m+1}{2n-m+1} \cdot \frac{b}{c} \int \frac{x^{m-1} dx}{X^{n+1}}$
 $+ \frac{m-1}{2n-m+1} \cdot \frac{a}{c} \int \frac{x^{m-2} dx}{X^{n+1}}$

120. $\int \frac{dx}{xX} = \frac{1}{2a} \log \frac{x^2}{X} - \frac{b}{2a} \int \frac{dx}{X}$

121. $\int \frac{dx}{x^2 X} = \frac{b}{2a^2} \log \frac{X}{x^2} - \frac{1}{ax} + \left(\frac{b^2}{2a^2} - \frac{c}{a} \right) \int \frac{dx}{X}$

122. $\int \frac{dx}{x X^n} = \frac{1}{2a(n-1)X^{n-1}} - \frac{b}{2a} \int \frac{dx}{X^n} + \frac{1}{a} \int \frac{dx}{x X^{n-1}}$

123. $\int \frac{dx}{x^m X^{n+1}} = -\frac{1}{(m-1)ax^{m-1}X^n} - \frac{n+m-1}{m-1} \cdot \frac{b}{a} \int \frac{dx}{x^{m-1} X^{n+1}}$
 $- \frac{2n+m-1}{m-1} \cdot \frac{c}{a} \int \frac{dx}{x^{m-2} X^{n+1}}$

FORMS CONTAINING $\sqrt{a+bx}$

124. $\int \sqrt{a+bx} dx = \frac{2}{3b} \sqrt{(a+bx)^3}$

125. $\int x \sqrt{a+bx} dx = -\frac{2(2a-3bx)\sqrt{(a+bx)^3}}{15b^2}$

126. $\int x^2 \sqrt{a+bx} dx = \frac{2(8a^2 - 12abx + 15b^2 x^2)\sqrt{(a+bx)^3}}{105b^3}$

127. $\int x^m \sqrt{a+bx} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{b(2m+3)} \left[x^m \sqrt{(a+bx)^3} - ma \int x^{m-1} \sqrt{a+bx} dx \right] \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{2}{b^{m+1}} \sqrt{a+bx} \sum_{r=0}^m \frac{m!(-a)^{m-r}}{r!(m-r)!(2r+3)} (a+bx)^{r+1} \end{cases}$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

128. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x} dx = 2\sqrt{a+bx} + a \int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{a+bx}}$

129. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x} + \frac{b}{2} \int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{a+bx}}$

130. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x^m} dx = -\frac{1}{(m-1)a} \left[\frac{\sqrt{(a+bx)^3}}{x^{m-1}} + \frac{(2m-5)b}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x^{m-1}} dx \right]$

131. $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{a+bx}} = \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{b}$

132. $\int \frac{x dx}{\sqrt{a+bx}} = -\frac{2(2a-bx)}{3b^2} \sqrt{a+bx}$

133. $\int \frac{x^2 dx}{\sqrt{a+bx}} = \frac{2(8a^2 - 4abx - 3b^2 x^2)}{15b^3} \sqrt{a+bx}$

134. $\int \frac{x^m dx}{\sqrt{a+bx}} = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{(2m+1)b} \left[x^m \sqrt{a+bx} - ma \int \frac{x^{m-1} dx}{\sqrt{a+bx}} \right] \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{2(-a)^m \sqrt{a+bx}}{b^{m+1}} \sum_{r=0}^m \frac{(-1)^r m! (a+bx)^r}{(2r+1)r!(m-r)!a^r} \end{cases}$

135. $\int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} \log \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a+bx} + \sqrt{a}} \right), \quad (a > 0)$

136. $\int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{-a}} \tan^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{a+bx}{-a}}, \quad (a < 0)$

137. $\int \frac{dx}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx}} = -\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax} - \frac{b}{2a} \int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{a+bx}}$

138. $\int \frac{dx}{x^n\sqrt{a+bx}} = \begin{cases} -\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{(n-1)ax^{n-1}} - \frac{(2n-3)b}{(2n-2)a} \int \frac{dx}{x^{n-1}\sqrt{a+bx}} \\ \frac{(2n-2)!}{[(n-1)!]^2} \left[-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{a} \sum_{r=1}^{n-1} \frac{r!(r-1)!}{x^r 2(r)!} \left(-\frac{b}{4a} \right)^{n-r-1} \right. \\ \left. + \left(-\frac{b}{4a} \right)^{n-1} \int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} \right] \end{cases}$

139. $\int (a+bx)^{\pm\frac{n}{2}} dx = \frac{2(a+bx)^{\frac{2\pm n}{2}}}{b(2\pm n)}$

140. $\int x(a+bx)^{\pm\frac{n}{2}} dx = \frac{2}{b^2} \left[\frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{4\pm n}{2}}}{4\pm n} - \frac{a(a+bx)^{\frac{2\pm n}{2}}}{2\pm n} \right]$

141. $\int \frac{dx}{x(a+bx)^{\frac{m}{2}}} = \frac{1}{a} \int \frac{dx}{x(a+bx)^{\frac{m-2}{2}}} - \frac{b}{a} \int \frac{dx}{(a+bx)^{\frac{m}{2}}}$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

$$142. \int \frac{(a+bx)^{n/2} dx}{x} = b \int (a+bx)^{(n-2)/2} dx + a \int \frac{(a+bx)^{(n-2)/2}}{x} dx$$

$$143. \int f(x, \sqrt{a+bx}) dx = \frac{2}{b} \int f\left(\frac{z^2-a}{b}, z\right) z dz, \quad (z = \sqrt{a+bx})$$

FORMS CONTAINING $\sqrt{a+bx}$ and $\sqrt{c+dx}$

$$u = a + bx \quad v = c + dx \quad k = ad - bc$$

If $k = 0$, then, $v = \frac{c}{a}u$, and formulas starting with 124 should be used in place of these.

$$144. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{uv}} = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{\sqrt{bd}} \tanh^{-1} \frac{\sqrt{bd}uv}{bv}, & bd > 0, k < 0 \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{2}{\sqrt{bd}} \tanh^{-1} \frac{\sqrt{bd}uv}{du}, & bd > 0, k > 0. \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{bd}} \log \frac{(bv + \sqrt{bd}uv)^2}{v}, & (bd > 0) \end{cases}$$

$$145. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{uv}} = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{\sqrt{-bd}} \tan^{-1} \frac{\sqrt{-bd}uv}{bv} \\ \text{or} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{-bd}} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{2bdx + ad + bc}{|k|} \right), & (bd < 0) \end{cases}$$

$$146. \int \sqrt{uv} dx = \frac{k+2bv}{4bd} \sqrt{uv} - \frac{k^2}{8bd} \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{uv}}$$

$$147. \int \frac{dx}{v\sqrt{u}} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\sqrt{kd}} \log \frac{d\sqrt{u} - \sqrt{kd}}{d\sqrt{u} + \sqrt{kd}} \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{kd}} \log \frac{(d\sqrt{u} - \sqrt{kd})^2}{v}, & (kd > 0) \end{cases}$$

$$148. \int \frac{dx}{v\sqrt{u}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{-kd}} \tan^{-1} \frac{d\sqrt{u}}{\sqrt{-kd}}, \quad (kd < 0)$$

$$149. \int \frac{x dx}{\sqrt{uv}} = \frac{\sqrt{uv}}{bd} - \frac{ad+bc}{2bd} \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{uv}}$$

$$150. \int \frac{dx}{v\sqrt{uv}} = \frac{-2\sqrt{uv}}{kv}$$

$$151. \int \frac{v dx}{\sqrt{uv}} = \frac{\sqrt{uv}}{b} - \frac{k}{2b} \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{uv}}$$

$$152. \int \sqrt{\frac{v}{u}} dx = \frac{v}{|v|} \int \frac{v dx}{\sqrt{uv}}$$

$$153. \int v^m \sqrt{u} dx = \frac{1}{(2m+3)d} \left(2v^{m+1} \sqrt{u} + k \int \frac{v^m dx}{\sqrt{u}} \right)$$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

154. $\int \frac{dx}{v^m \sqrt{u}} = -\frac{1}{(m-1)k} \left(\frac{\sqrt{u}}{v^{m-1}} + \left(m - \frac{3}{2} \right) b \int \frac{dx}{v^{m-1} \sqrt{u}} \right)$

155. $\int \frac{v^m dx}{\sqrt{u}} = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{b(2m+1)} \left[v^m \sqrt{u} - mk \int \frac{v^{m-1}}{\sqrt{u}} dx \right] \\ \quad \text{or} \\ \frac{2(m!)^2 \sqrt{u}}{b(2m+1)!} \sum_{r=0}^m \left(-\frac{4k}{b} \right)^{m-r} \frac{(2r)!}{(r!)^2} v^r \end{cases}$

FORMS CONTAINING $\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}$

156. $\int \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} [x \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2} \pm a^2 \log(x + \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2})]$

157. $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}} = \log(x + \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2})$

158. $\int \frac{dx}{x \sqrt{x^2 - a^2}} = \frac{1}{|a|} \sec^{-1} \frac{x}{a}$

159. $\int \frac{dx}{x \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}} = -\frac{1}{a} \log \left(\frac{a + \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}}{x} \right)$

160. $\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}}{x} dx = \sqrt{x^2 + a^2} - a \log \left(\frac{a + \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}}{x} \right)$

161. $\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - a^2}}{x} dx = \sqrt{x^2 - a^2} - |a| \sec^{-1} \frac{x}{a}$

162. $\int \frac{x dx}{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}} = \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}$

163. $\int x \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2} dx = \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{(x^2 \pm a^2)^3}$

164. $\int \sqrt{(x^2 \pm a^2)^3} dx = \frac{1}{4} \left[x \sqrt{(x^2 \pm a^2)^3} \pm \frac{3a^2 x}{2} \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2} + \frac{3a^4}{2} \log(x + \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}) \right]$

165. $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{(x^2 \pm a^2)^3}} = \frac{\pm x}{a^2 \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}}$

166. $\int \frac{x dx}{\sqrt{(x^2 \pm a^2)^3}} = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}}$

167. $\int x \sqrt{(x^2 \pm a^2)^3} dx = \frac{1}{5} \sqrt{(x^2 \pm a^2)^5}$

168. $\int x^2 \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2} dx = \frac{x}{4} \sqrt{(x^2 \pm a^2)^3} \mp \frac{a^2}{8} x \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2} - \frac{a^4}{8} \log(x + \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2})$

169. $\int x^3 \sqrt{x^2 + a^2} dx = (\frac{1}{5}x^2 - \frac{2}{15}a^2) \sqrt{(a^2 + x^2)^3}$

170. $\int x^3 \sqrt{x^2 - a^2} dx = \frac{1}{5} \sqrt{(x^2 - a^2)^5} + \frac{a^2}{3} \sqrt{(x^2 - a^2)^3}$

171. $\int \frac{x^2 dx}{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}} = \frac{x}{2} \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2} \mp \frac{a^2}{2} \log(x + \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2})$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

172. $\int \frac{x^3 dx}{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}} = \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{(x^2 \pm a^2)^3} \mp a^2 \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}$

173. $\int \frac{dx}{x^2 \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}} = \mp \frac{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}}{a^2 x}$

174. $\int \frac{dx}{x^3 \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}} = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}}{2a^2 x^2} + \frac{1}{2a^3} \log \frac{a + \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}}{x}$

175. $\int \frac{dx}{x^3 \sqrt{x^2 - a^2}} = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - a^2}}{2a^2 x^2} + \frac{1}{2|a^3|} \sec^{-1} \frac{x}{a}$

176. $\int x^2 \sqrt{(x^2 \pm a^2)^3} dx = \frac{x}{6} \sqrt{(x^2 \pm a^2)^5} \mp \frac{a^2 x}{24} \sqrt{(x^2 \pm a^2)^3} - \frac{a^4 x}{16} \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}$
 $\mp \frac{a^6}{16} \log(x + \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2})$

177. $\int x^3 \sqrt{(x^2 \pm a^2)^3} dx = \frac{1}{7} \sqrt{(x^2 \pm a^2)^7} \mp \frac{a^2}{5} \sqrt{(x^2 \pm a^2)^5}$

178. $\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2} dx}{x^2} = -\frac{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}}{x} + \log(x + \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2})$

179. $\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{2a} \log \frac{a + \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}}{x}$

180. $\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - a^2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{x^2 - a^2}}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{2|a|} \sec^{-1} \frac{x}{a}$

181. $\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}}{x^4} dx = \mp \frac{\sqrt{(x^2 \pm a^2)^3}}{3a^2 x^3}$

182. $\int \frac{x^2 dx}{\sqrt{(x^2 \pm a^2)^3}} = \frac{-x}{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}} + \log(x + \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2})$

183. $\int \frac{x^3 dx}{\sqrt{(x^2 \pm a^2)^3}} = \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2} \pm \frac{a^2}{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}}$

184. $\int \frac{dx}{x \sqrt{(x^2 + a^2)^3}} = \frac{1}{a^2 \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}} - \frac{1}{a^3} \log \frac{a + \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}}{x}$

185. $\int \frac{dx}{x \sqrt{(x^2 - a^2)^3}} = -\frac{1}{a^2 \sqrt{x^2 - a^2}} - \frac{1}{|a^3|} \sec^{-1} \frac{x}{a}$

186. $\int \frac{dx}{x^2 \sqrt{(x^2 \pm a^2)^3}} = -\frac{1}{a^4} \left[\frac{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}}{x} + \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}} \right]$

187. $\int \frac{dx}{x^3 \sqrt{(x^2 + a^2)^3}} = -\frac{1}{2a^2 x^2 \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}} - \frac{3}{2a^4 \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}} + \frac{3}{2a^5} \log \frac{a + \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}}{x}$

188. $\int \frac{dx}{x^3 \sqrt{(x^2 - a^2)^3}} = \frac{1}{2a^2 x^2 \sqrt{x^2 - a^2}} - \frac{3}{2a^4 \sqrt{x^2 - a^2}} - \frac{3}{2|a^5|} \sec^{-1} \frac{x}{a}$

189. $\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}} dx = \frac{1}{m} x^{m-1} \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2} \mp \frac{m-1}{m} a^2 \int \frac{x^{m-2}}{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}} dx$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

$$190. \int \frac{x^{2m}}{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}} dx = \frac{(2m)!}{2^{2m}(m!)^2} \left[\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2} \sum_{r=1}^m \frac{r!(r-1)!}{(2r)!} (\mp a^2)^{m-r} (2x)^{2r-1} + (\mp a^2)^m \log(x + \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}) \right]$$

$$191. \int \frac{x^{2m+1}}{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}} dx = \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2} \sum_{r=0}^m \frac{(2r)!(m!)^2}{(2m+1)!(r!)^2} (\mp 4a^2)^{m-r} x^{2r}$$

$$192. \int \frac{dx}{x^m \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}} = \mp \frac{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}}{(m-1)a^2 x^{m-1}} \mp \frac{(m-2)}{(m-1)a^2} \int \frac{dx}{x^{m-2} \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}}$$

$$193. \int \frac{dx}{x^{2m} \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}} = \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2} \sum_{r=0}^{m-1} \frac{(m-1)!m!(2r)!2^{2m-2r-1}}{(r!)^2(2m)!(\mp a^2)^{m-r} x^{2r+1}}$$

$$194. \int \frac{dx}{x^{2m+1} \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}} = \frac{(2m)!}{(m!)^2} \left[\frac{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}}{a^2} \sum_{r=1}^m (-1)^{m-r+1} \frac{r!(r-1)!}{2(2r)!(4a^2)^{m-r} x^{2r}} + \frac{(-1)^{m+1}}{2^{2m} a^{2m+1}} \log \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2} + a}{x} \right]$$

$$195. \int \frac{dx}{x^{2m+1} \sqrt{x^2 - a^2}} = \frac{(2m)!}{(m!)^2} \left[\frac{\sqrt{x^2 - a^2}}{a^2} \sum_{r=1}^m \frac{r!(r-1)!}{2(2r)!(4a^2)^{m-r} x^{2r}} + \frac{1}{2^{2m} |a|^{2m+1}} \sec^{-1} \frac{x}{a} \right]$$

$$196. \int \frac{dx}{(x-a) \sqrt{x^2 - a^2}} = -\frac{\sqrt{x^2 - a^2}}{a(x-a)}$$

$$197. \int \frac{dx}{(x+a) \sqrt{x^2 - a^2}} = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - a^2}}{a(x+a)}$$

$$198. \int f(x, \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}) dx = a \int f(a \tan u, a \sec u) \sec^2 u du, \quad \left(u = \tan^{-1} \frac{x}{a}, a > 0 \right)$$

$$199. \int f(x, \sqrt{x^2 - a^2}) dx = a \int f(a \sec u, a \tan u) \sec u \tan u du, \quad \left(u = \sec^{-1} \frac{x}{a}, a > 0 \right)$$

FORMS CONTAINING $\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}$

$$200. \int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left[x \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} + a^2 \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{|a|} \right]$$

$$201. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} = \begin{cases} \frac{\sin^{-1} \frac{x}{|a|}}{|a|} \\ \text{or} \\ -\frac{\cos^{-1} \frac{x}{|a|}}{|a|} \end{cases}$$

$$202. \int \frac{dx}{x \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} = -\frac{1}{a} \log \left(\frac{a + \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}{x} \right)$$

$$203. \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}{x} dx = \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} - a \log \left(\frac{a + \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}{x} \right)$$

$$204. \int \frac{x dx}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} = -\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}$$

$$205. \int x \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{(a^2 - x^2)^3}$$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

206. $\int \sqrt{(a^2 - x^2)^3} dx = \frac{1}{4} \left[x \sqrt{(a^2 - x^2)^3} + \frac{3a^2 x}{2} \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} + \frac{3a^4}{2} \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{|a|} \right]$

207. $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{(a^2 - x^2)^3}} = \frac{x}{a^2 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}$

208. $\int \frac{x dx}{\sqrt{(a^2 - x^2)^3}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}$

209. $\int x \sqrt{(a^2 - x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{5} \sqrt{(a^2 - x^2)^5}$

210. $\int x^2 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} dx = -\frac{x}{4} \sqrt{(a^2 - x^2)^3} + \frac{a^2}{8} \left(x \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} + a^2 \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{|a|} \right)$

211. $\int x^3 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} dx = (-\frac{1}{5}x^2 - \frac{2}{15}a^2) \sqrt{(a^2 - x^2)^3}$

212. $\int x^2 \sqrt{(a^2 - x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{6}x \sqrt{(a^2 - x^2)^5} + \frac{a^2 x}{24} \sqrt{(a^2 - x^2)^3} + \frac{a^4 x}{16} \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} + \frac{a^6}{16} \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{|a|}$

213. $\int x^3 \sqrt{(a^2 - x^2)^3} dx = \frac{1}{7} \sqrt{(a^2 - x^2)^7} - \frac{a^2}{5} \sqrt{(a^2 - x^2)^5}$

214. $\int \frac{x^2 dx}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} = -\frac{x}{2} \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} + \frac{a^2}{2} \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{|a|}$

215. $\int \frac{dx}{x^2 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} = -\frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}{a^2 x}$

216. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}{x} - \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{|a|}$

217. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{2a} \log \frac{a + \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}{x}$

218. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{(a^2 - x^2)^3}}{3a^2 x^3}$

219. $\int \frac{x^2 dx}{\sqrt{(a^2 - x^2)^3}} = \frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} - \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{|a|}$

220. $\int \frac{x^3 dx}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} = -\frac{2}{3}(a^2 - x^2)^{3/2} - x^2(a^2 - x^2)^{1/2} = -\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}(x^2 + 2a^2)$

221. $\int \frac{x^3 dx}{\sqrt{(a^2 - x^2)^3}} = 2(a^2 - x^2)^{1/2} + \frac{x^2}{(a^2 - x^2)^{1/2}} = -\frac{a^2}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} + \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}$

222. $\int \frac{dx}{x^3 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} = -\frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}{2a^2 x^2} - \frac{1}{2a^3} \log \frac{a + \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}{x}$

223. $\int \frac{dx}{x \sqrt{(a^2 - x^2)^3}} = \frac{1}{a^2 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} - \frac{1}{a^3} \log \frac{a + \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}{x}$

224. $\int \frac{dx}{x^2 \sqrt{(a^2 - x^2)^3}} = \frac{1}{a^4} \left[-\frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}{x} + \frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} \right]$

225. $\int \frac{dx}{x^3 \sqrt{(a^2 - x^2)^3}} = -\frac{1}{2a^2 x^2 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} + \frac{3}{2a^4 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} - \frac{3}{2a^5} \log \frac{a + \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}{x}$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

226. $\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx = -\frac{x^{m-1}\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}{m} + \frac{(m-1)a^2}{m} \int \frac{x^{m-2}}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx$

227. $\int \frac{x^{2m}}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx = \frac{(2m)!}{(m!)^2} \left[-\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sum_{r=1}^m \frac{r!(r-1)!}{2^{2m-2r+1}(2r)!} a^{2m-2r} x^{2r-1} + \frac{a^{2m}}{2^{2m}} \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{|a|} \right]$

228. $\int \frac{x^{2m+1}}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx = -\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sum_{r=0}^m \frac{(2r)!(m!)^2}{(2m+1)!(r!)^2} (4a^2)^{m-r} x^{2r}$

229. $\int \frac{dx}{x^m \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} = -\frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}{(m-1)a^2 x^{m-1}} + \frac{m-2}{(m-1)a^2} \int \frac{dx}{x^{m-2} \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}$

230. $\int \frac{ax}{x^{2m} \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx = -\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} \sum_{r=0}^{m-1} \frac{(m-1)!m!(2r)!2^{2m-2r-1}}{(r!)^2(2m)!a^{2m-2r}x^{2r+1}}$

231. $\int \frac{dx}{x^{2m+1} \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} = \frac{(2m)!}{(m!)^2} \left[-\frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}{a^2} \sum_{r=1}^m \frac{r!(r-1)!}{2(2r)!(4a^2)^{m-r}x^{2r}} + \frac{1}{2^{2m}a^{2m+1}} \log \frac{a - \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}{x} \right]$

232. $\int \frac{dx}{(b^2 - x^2)\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} = \frac{1}{2b\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \log \frac{(b\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} + x\sqrt{a^2 - b^2})^2}{b^2 - x^2}, \quad (a^2 > b^2)$

233. $\int \frac{dx}{(b^2 - x^2)\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} = \frac{1}{b\sqrt{b^2 - a^2}} \tan^{-1} \frac{x\sqrt{b^2 - a^2}}{b\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}, \quad (b^2 > a^2)$

234. $\int \frac{dx}{(b^2 + x^2)\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} = \frac{1}{b\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \tan^{-1} \frac{x\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}{b\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}$

235. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}{b^2 + x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}{|b|} \sin^{-1} \frac{x\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}{|a|\sqrt{x^2 + b^2}} - \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{|a|}$

236. $\int f(x, \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}) dx = a \int f(a \sin u, a \cos u) \cos u du, \quad \left(u = \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{a}, a > 0 \right)$

FORMS CONTAINING $\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}$

$$X = a + bx + cx^2, \quad q = 4ac - b^2, \quad \text{and} \quad k = \frac{4c}{q}$$

If $q = 0$, then $\sqrt{X} = \sqrt{c} \left| x + \frac{b}{2c} \right|$

237. $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{X}} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\sqrt{c}} \log(2\sqrt{cX} + 2cx + b) \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{c}} \sinh^{-1} \frac{2cx + b}{\sqrt{q}}, \quad (c > 0) \end{cases}$

238. $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{X}} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{-c}} \sin^{-1} \frac{2cx + b}{\sqrt{-q}}, \quad (c < 0)$

239. $\int \frac{dx}{X\sqrt{X}} = \frac{2(2cx + b)}{q\sqrt{X}}$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

240. $\int \frac{dx}{X^2\sqrt{X}} = \frac{2(2cx+b)}{3q\sqrt{X}} \left(\frac{1}{X} + 2k \right)$

241. $\int \frac{dx}{X^n\sqrt{X}} = \begin{cases} \frac{2(2cx+b)\sqrt{X}}{(2n-1)qX^n} + \frac{2k(n-1)}{2n-1} \int \frac{dx}{X^{n-1}\sqrt{X}} \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{(2cx+b)(n!)(n-1)!4^n k^{n-1}}{q[(2n)!]\sqrt{X}} \sum_{r=0}^{n-1} \frac{(2r)!}{(4kX)^r(r!)^2} \end{cases}$

242. $\int \sqrt{X} dx = \frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{X}}{4c} + \frac{1}{2k} \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{X}}$

243. $\int X\sqrt{X} dx = \frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{X}}{8c} \left(X + \frac{3}{2k} \right) + \frac{3}{8k^2} \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{X}}$

244. $\int X^2\sqrt{X} dx = \frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{X}}{12c} \left(X^2 + \frac{5X}{4k} + \frac{15}{8k^2} \right) + \frac{5}{16k^3} \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{X}}$

245. $\int X^n\sqrt{X} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{(2cx+b)X^n\sqrt{X}}{4(n+1)c} + \frac{2n+1}{2(n+1)k} \int X^{n-1}\sqrt{X} dx \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{(2n+2)!}{[(n+1)!]^2(4k)^{n+1}} \left[\frac{k(2cx+b)\sqrt{X}}{c} \sum_{r=0}^n \frac{r!(r+1)!(4kX)^r}{(2r+2)!} + \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{X}} \right] \end{cases}$

246. $\int \frac{x dx}{\sqrt{X}} = \frac{\sqrt{X}}{c} - \frac{b}{2c} \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{X}}$

247. $\int \frac{x dx}{X\sqrt{X}} = -\frac{2(bx+2a)}{q\sqrt{X}}$

248. $\int \frac{x dx}{X^n\sqrt{X}} = -\frac{\sqrt{X}}{(2n-1)cX^n} - \frac{b}{2c} \int \frac{dx}{X^{n-1}\sqrt{X}}$

249. $\int \frac{x^2 dx}{\sqrt{X}} = \left(\frac{x}{2c} - \frac{3b}{4c^2} \right) \sqrt{X} + \frac{3b^2 - 4ac}{8c^2} \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{X}}$

250. $\int \frac{x^2 dx}{X\sqrt{X}} = \frac{(2b^2 - 4ac)x + 2ab}{cq\sqrt{X}} + \frac{1}{c} \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{X}}$

251. $\int \frac{x^2 dx}{X^n\sqrt{X}} = \frac{(2b^2 - 4ac)x + 2ab}{(2n-1)cqX^{n-1}\sqrt{X}} + \frac{4ac + (2n-3)b^2}{(2n-1)cq} \int \frac{dx}{X^{n-1}\sqrt{X}}$

252. $\int \frac{x^3 dx}{\sqrt{X}} = \left(\frac{x^2}{3c} - \frac{5bx}{12c^2} + \frac{5b^2}{8c^3} - \frac{2a}{3c^2} \right) \sqrt{X} + \left(\frac{3ab}{4c^2} - \frac{5b^3}{16c^3} \right) \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{X}}$

253. $\int \frac{x^n dx}{\sqrt{X}} = \frac{1}{nc} x^{n-1} \sqrt{X} - \frac{(2n-1)b}{2nc} \int \frac{x^{n-1} dx}{\sqrt{X}} - \frac{(n-1)a}{nc} \int \frac{x^{n-2} dx}{\sqrt{X}}$

254. $\int x\sqrt{X} dx = \frac{X\sqrt{X}}{3c} - \frac{b(2cx+b)}{8c^2} \sqrt{X} - \frac{b}{4ck} \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{X}}$

255. $\int xX\sqrt{X} dx = \frac{X^2\sqrt{X}}{5c} - \frac{b}{2c} \int X\sqrt{X} dx$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

256. $\int xX^n \sqrt{X} dx = \frac{X^{n+1} \sqrt{X}}{(2n+3)c} - \frac{b}{2c} \int X^n \sqrt{X} dx$

257. $\int x^2 \sqrt{X} dx = \left(x - \frac{5b}{6c} \right) \frac{X \sqrt{X}}{4c} + \frac{5b^2 - 4ac}{16c^2} \int \sqrt{X} dx$

258. $\int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{X}} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} \log \frac{2\sqrt{aX} + bx + 2a}{x}, \quad (a > 0)$

259. $\int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{X}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a}} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{bx + 2a}{|x|\sqrt{-q}} \right), \quad (a < 0)$

260. $\int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{X}} = -\frac{2\sqrt{X}}{bx}, \quad (a = 0)$

261. $\int \frac{dx}{x^2\sqrt{X}} = -\frac{\sqrt{X}}{ax} - \frac{b}{2a} \int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{X}}$

262. $\int \frac{\sqrt{X}dx}{x} = \sqrt{X} + \frac{b}{2} \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{X}} + a \int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{X}}$

263. $\int \frac{\sqrt{X}dx}{x^2} = -\frac{\sqrt{X}}{x} + \frac{b}{2} \int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{X}} + c \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{X}}$

FORMS INVOLVING $\sqrt{2ax - x^2}$

264. $\int \sqrt{2ax - x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left[(x - a)\sqrt{2ax - x^2} + a^2 \sin^{-1} \frac{x - a}{|a|} \right]$

265. $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{2ax - x^2}} = \begin{cases} \cos^{-1} \frac{a - x}{|a|} \\ \text{or} \\ \sin^{-1} \frac{x - a}{|a|} \end{cases}$

266. $\int x^n \sqrt{2ax - x^2} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{x^{n-1}(2ax - x^2)^{3/2}}{n+2} + \frac{(2n+1)a}{n+2} \int x^{n-1} \sqrt{2ax - x^2} dx \\ \text{or} \end{cases}$

266. $\int x^n \sqrt{2ax - x^2} dx = \begin{cases} \sqrt{2ax - x^2} \left[\frac{x^{n+1}}{n+2} - \sum_{r=0}^n \frac{(2n+1)!(r!)^2 a^{n-r+1}}{2^{n-r}(2r+1)!(n+2)!n!} x^r \right] \\ + \frac{(2n+1)!a^{n+2}}{2^n n!(n+2)!} \sin^{-1} \frac{x - a}{|a|} \end{cases}$

267. $\int \frac{\sqrt{2ax - x^2}}{x^n} dx = \frac{(2ax - x^2)^{3/2}}{(3 - 2n)ax^n} + \frac{n-3}{(2n-3)a} \int \frac{\sqrt{2ax - x^2}}{x^{n-1}} dx$

268. $\int \frac{x^n dx}{\sqrt{2ax - x^2}} = \begin{cases} \frac{-x^{n-1}\sqrt{2ax - x^2}}{n} + \frac{a(2n-1)}{n} \int \frac{x^{n-1}}{\sqrt{2ax - x^2}} dx \\ \text{or} \\ -\sqrt{2ax - x^2} \sum_{r=1}^n \frac{(2n)!r!(r-1)!a^{n-r}}{2^{n-r}(2r)!(n!)^2} x^{r-1} + \frac{(2n)!a^n}{2^n(n!)^2} \sin^{-1} \frac{x - a}{|a|} \end{cases}$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

$$269. \int \frac{dx}{x^n \sqrt{2ax - x^2}} = \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{2ax - x^2}}{a(1-2n)x^n} + \frac{n-1}{(2n-1)a} \int \frac{dx}{x^{n-1} \sqrt{2ax - x^2}} \\ \quad \text{or} \\ -\sqrt{2ax - x^2} \sum_{r=0}^{n-1} \frac{2^{n-r}(n-1)!n!(2r)!}{(2n)!(r!)^2 a^{n-r} x^{r+1}} \end{cases}$$

$$270. \int \frac{dx}{(2ax - x^2)^{3/2}} = \frac{x-a}{a^2 \sqrt{2ax - x^2}}$$

$$271. \int \frac{x \, dx}{(2ax - x^2)^{3/2}} = \frac{x}{a \sqrt{2ax - x^2}}$$

MISCELLANEOUS ALGEBRAIC FORMS

$$272. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{2ax + x^2}} = \log(x + a + \sqrt{2ax + x^2})$$

$$273. \int \sqrt{ax^2 + c} \, dx = \frac{x}{2} \sqrt{ax^2 + c} + \frac{c}{2\sqrt{a}} \log(x\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{ax^2 + c}), \quad (a > 0)$$

$$274. \int \sqrt{ax^2 + c} \, dx = \frac{x}{2} \sqrt{ax^2 + c} + \frac{c}{2\sqrt{-a}} \sin^{-1}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{a}{c}}\right), \quad (a < 0)$$

$$275. \int \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{1-x}} \, dx = \sin^{-1} x - \sqrt{1-x^2}$$

$$276. \int \frac{dx}{x \sqrt{ax^n + c}} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{n\sqrt{c}} \log \frac{\sqrt{ax^n + c} - \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{ax^n + c} + \sqrt{c}} \\ \quad \text{or} \\ \frac{2}{n\sqrt{c}} \log \frac{\sqrt{ax^n + c} - \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{x^n}}, \quad (c > 0) \end{cases}$$

$$277. \int \frac{dx}{x \sqrt{ax^n + c}} = \frac{2}{n\sqrt{-c}} \sec^{-1} \sqrt{-\frac{ax^n}{c}}, \quad (c < 0)$$

$$278. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{ax^2 + c}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} \log(x\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{ax^2 + c}), \quad (a > 0)$$

$$279. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{ax^2 + c}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a}} \sin^{-1}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{a}{c}}\right), \quad (a < 0)$$

$$280. \int (ax^2 + c)^{m+1/2} \, dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x(ax^2 + c)^{m+1/2}}{2(m+1)} + \frac{(2m+1)c}{2(m+1)} \int (ax^2 + c)^{m-1/2} \, dx \\ \quad \text{or} \\ x\sqrt{ax^2 + c} \sum_{r=0}^m \frac{(2m+1)!(r!)^2 c^{m-r}}{2^{2m-2r+1} m! (m+1)!(2r+1)!} (ax^2 + c)^r \\ \quad + \frac{(2m+1)!c^{m+1}}{2^{2m+1} m! (m+1)!} \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{ax^2 + c}} \end{cases}$$

$$281. \int x(ax^2 + c)^{m+\frac{1}{2}} \, dx = \frac{(ax^2 + c)^{m+\frac{3}{2}}}{(2m+3)a}$$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

- 282.** $\int \frac{(ax^2 + c)^{m+1/2}}{x} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{(ax^2 + c)^{m+1/2}}{2m+1} + c \int \frac{(ax^2 + c)^{m-1/2}}{x} dx \\ \quad \text{or} \\ \sqrt{ax^2 + c} \sum_{r=0}^m \frac{c^{m-r}(ax^2 + c)^r}{2r+1} + c^{m+1} \int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{ax^2 + c}} \end{cases}$
- 283.** $\int \frac{dx}{(ax^2 + c)^{m+1/2}} = \begin{cases} \frac{x}{(2m-1)c(ax^2 + c)^{m-1/2}} + \frac{2m-2}{(2m-1)c} \int \frac{dx}{(ax^2 + c)^{m-1/2}} \\ \quad \text{or} \\ \frac{x}{\sqrt{ax^2 + c}} \sum_{r=0}^{m-1} \frac{2^{2m-2r-1}(m-1)!m!(2r)!}{(2m)!(r!)^2 c^{m-r}(ax^2 + c)^r} \end{cases}$
- 284.** $\int \frac{dx}{x^m \sqrt{ax^2 + c}} = -\frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + c}}{(m-1)c x^{m-1}} - \frac{(m-2)a}{(m-1)c} \int \frac{dx}{x^{m-2} \sqrt{ax^2 + c}}$
- 285.** $\int \frac{1+x^2}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \log \frac{x\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{1+x^4}}{1-x^2}$
- 286.** $\int \frac{1-x^2}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{1+x^4}} dx = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1} \frac{x\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{1+x^4}}$
- 287.** $\int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{x^n + a^2}} = -\frac{2}{na} \log \frac{a + \sqrt{x^n + a^2}}{\sqrt{x^n}}$
- 288.** $\int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{x^n - a^2}} = -\frac{2}{na} \sin^{-1} \frac{a}{\sqrt{x^n}}$
- 289.** $\int \sqrt{\frac{x}{a^3 - x^3}} dx = \frac{2}{3} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{a} \right)^{3/2}$

FORMS INVOLVING TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS

- 290.** $\int (\sin ax) dx = -\frac{1}{a} \cos ax$
- 291.** $\int (\cos ax) dx = \frac{1}{a} \sin ax$
- 292.** $\int (\tan ax) dx = -\frac{1}{a} \log \cos ax = \frac{1}{a} \log \sec ax$
- 293.** $\int (\cot ax) dx = \frac{1}{a} \log \sin ax = -\frac{1}{a} \log \csc ax$
- 294.** $\int (\sec ax) dx = \frac{1}{a} \log(\sec ax + \tan ax) = \frac{1}{a} \log \tan \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{ax}{2} \right)$
- 295.** $\int (\csc ax) dx = \frac{1}{a} \log(\csc ax - \cot ax) = \frac{1}{a} \log \tan \frac{ax}{2}$
- 296.** $\int (\sin^2 ax) dx = -\frac{1}{2a} \cos ax \sin ax + \frac{1}{2} x = \frac{1}{2} x - \frac{1}{4a} \sin 2ax$
- 297.** $\int (\sin^3 ax) dx = -\frac{1}{3a} (\cos ax)(\sin^2 ax + 2)$
- 298.** $\int (\sin^4 ax) dx = \frac{3x}{8} - \frac{\sin 2ax}{4a} + \frac{\sin 4ax}{32a}$
- 299.** $\int (\sin^n ax) dx = -\frac{\sin^{n-1} ax \cos ax}{na} + \frac{n-1}{n} \int (\sin^{n-2} ax) dx$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

300. $\int (\sin^{2m} ax) dx = -\frac{\cos ax}{a} \sum_{r=0}^{m-1} \frac{(2m)!(r!)^2}{2^{2m-2r}(2r+1)!(m!)^2} \sin^{2r+1} ax + \frac{(2m)!}{2^{2m}(m!)^2} x$

301. $\int (\sin^{2m+1} ax) dx = -\frac{\cos ax}{a} \sum_{r=0}^m \frac{2^{2m-2r}(m!)^2(2r)!}{(2m+1)!(r!)^2} \sin^{2r} ax$

302. $\int (\cos^2 ax) dx = \frac{1}{2a} \sin ax \cos ax + \frac{1}{2} x = \frac{1}{2} x + \frac{1}{4a} \sin 2ax$

303. $\int (\cos^3 ax) dx = \frac{1}{3a} (\sin ax)(\cos^2 ax + 2)$

304. $\int (\cos^4 ax) dx = \frac{3x}{8} + \frac{\sin 2ax}{4a} + \frac{\sin 4ax}{32a}$

305. $\int (\cos^n ax) dx = \frac{1}{na} \cos^{n-1} ax \sin ax + \frac{n-1}{n} \int (\cos^{n-2} ax) dx$

306. $\int (\cos^{2m} ax) dx = \frac{\sin ax}{a} \sum_{r=0}^{m-1} \frac{(2m)!(r!)^2}{2^{2m-2r}(2r+1)!(m!)^2} \cos^{2r+1} ax + \frac{(2m)!}{2^{2m}(m!)^2} x$

307. $\int (\cos^{2m+1} ax) dx = \frac{\sin ax}{a} \sum_{r=0}^m \frac{2^{2m-2r}(m!)^2(2r)!}{(2m+1)!(r!)^2} \cos^{2r} ax$

308. $\int \frac{dx}{\sin^2 ax} = \int (\csc^2 ax) dx = -\frac{1}{a} \cot ax$

309. $\int \frac{dx}{\sin^m ax} = \int (\csc^m ax) dx = -\frac{1}{(m-1)a} \cdot \frac{\cos ax}{\sin^{m-1} ax} + \frac{m-2}{m-1} \int \frac{dx}{\sin^{m-2} ax}$

310. $\int \frac{dx}{\sin^{2m} ax} = \int (\csc^{2m} ax) dx = -\frac{1}{a} \cos ax \sum_{r=0}^{m-1} \frac{2^{2m-2r-1}(m-1)!m!(2r)!}{(2m)!(r!)^2 \sin^{2r+1} ax}$

311. $\int \frac{dx}{\sin^{2m+1} ax} = \int (\csc^{2m+1} ax) dx$
 $= -\frac{1}{a} \cos ax \sum_{r=0}^{m-1} \frac{(2m)!(r!)^2}{2^{2m-2r}(m!)^2(2r+1)!\sin^{2r+2} ax} + \frac{1}{a} \cdot \frac{(2m)!}{2^{2m}(m!)^2} \log \tan \frac{ax}{2}$

312. $\int \frac{dx}{\cos^2 ax} = \int (\sec^2 ax) dx = \frac{1}{a} \tan ax$

313. $\int \frac{dx}{\cos^n ax} = \int (\sec^n ax) dx = \frac{1}{(n-1)a} \cdot \frac{\sin ax}{\cos^{n-1} ax} + \frac{n-2}{n-1} \int \frac{dx}{\cos^{n-2} ax}$

314. $\int \frac{dx}{\cos^{2m} ax} = \int (\sec^{2m} ax) dx = \frac{1}{a} \sin ax \sum_{r=0}^{m-1} \frac{2^{2m-2r-1}(m-1)!m!(2r)!}{(2m)!(r!)^2 \cos^{2r+1} ax}$

315. $\int \frac{dx}{\cos^{2m+1} ax} = \int (\sec^{2m+1} ax) dx$
 $= \frac{1}{a} \sin ax \sum_{r=0}^{m-1} \frac{(2m)!(r!)^2}{2^{2m-2r}(m!)^2(2r+1)!\cos^{2r+2} ax} + \frac{1}{a} \cdot \frac{(2m)!}{2^{2m}(m!)^2} \log(\sec ax + \tan ax)$

316. $\int (\sin mx)(\sin nx) dx = \frac{\sin(m-n)x}{2(m-n)} - \frac{\sin(m+n)x}{2(m+n)}, \quad (m^2 \neq n^2)$

317. $\int (\cos mx)(\cos nx) dx = \frac{\sin(m-n)x}{2(m-n)} + \frac{\sin(m+n)x}{2(m+n)}, \quad (m^2 \neq n^2)$

318. $\int (\sin ax)(\cos ax) dx = \frac{1}{2a} \sin^2 ax$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

319. $\int (\sin mx)(\cos nx) dx = -\frac{\cos(m-n)x}{2(m-n)} - \frac{\cos(m+n)x}{2(m+n)}, \quad (m^2 \neq n^2)$

320. $\int (\sin^2 ax)(\cos^2 ax) dx = -\frac{1}{32a} \sin 4ax + \frac{x}{8}$

321. $\int (\sin ax)(\cos^m ax) dx = -\frac{\cos^{m+1} ax}{(m+1)a}$

322. $\int (\sin^m ax)(\cos ax) dx = \frac{\sin^{m+1} ax}{(m+1)a}$

323. $\int (\cos^m ax)(\sin^n ax) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\cos^{m-1} ax \sin^{n+1} ax}{(m+n)a} + \frac{m-1}{m+n} \int (\cos^{m-2} ax)(\sin^n ax) dx \\ \text{or} \\ -\frac{\sin^{n-1} ax \cos^{m+1} ax}{(m+n)a} + \frac{n-1}{m+n} \int (\cos^m ax)(\sin^{n-2} ax) dx \end{cases}$

324. $\int \frac{\cos^m ax}{\sin^n ax} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{\cos^{m+1} ax}{(n-1)a \sin^{n-1} ax} - \frac{m-n+2}{n-1} \int \frac{\cos^m ax}{\sin^{n-2} ax} dx \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{\cos^{m-1} ax}{a(m-n) \sin^{n-1} ax} + \frac{m-1}{m-n} \int \frac{\cos^{m-2} ax}{\sin^n ax} dx \end{cases}$

325. $\int \frac{\sin^m ax}{\cos^n ax} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\sin^{m+1} ax}{a(n-1) \cos^{n-1} ax} - \frac{m-n+2}{n-1} \int \frac{\sin^m ax}{\cos^{n-2} ax} dx \\ \text{or} \\ -\frac{\sin^{m-1} ax}{a(m-n) \cos^{n-1} ax} + \frac{m-1}{m-n} \int \frac{\sin^{m-2} ax}{\cos^n ax} dx \end{cases}$

326. $\int \frac{\sin ax}{\cos^2 ax} dx = \frac{1}{a \cos ax} = \frac{\sec ax}{a}$

327. $\int \frac{\sin^2 ax}{\cos ax} dx = -\frac{1}{a} \sin ax + \frac{1}{a} \log \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{ax}{2}\right)$

328. $\int \frac{\cos ax}{\sin^2 ax} dx = -\frac{1}{a \sin ax} = -\frac{\csc ax}{a}$

329. $\int \frac{dx}{(\sin ax)(\cos ax)} = \frac{1}{a} \log \tan ax$

330. $\int \frac{dx}{(\sin ax)(\cos^2 ax)} = \frac{1}{a} \left(\sec ax + \log \tan \frac{ax}{2} \right)$

331. $\int \frac{dx}{(\sin ax)(\cos^n ax)} = \frac{1}{a(n-1) \cos^{n-1} ax} + \int \frac{dx}{(\sin ax)(\cos^{n-2} ax)}$

332. $\int \frac{dx}{(\sin^2 ax)(\cos ax)} = -\frac{1}{a} \csc ax + \frac{1}{a} \log \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{ax}{2}\right)$

333. $\int \frac{dx}{(\sin^2 ax)(\cos^2 ax)} = -\frac{2}{a} \cot 2ax$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

$$334. \int \frac{dx}{\sin^m ax \cos^n ax} = \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{a(m-1)(\sin^{m-1} ax)(\cos^{n-1} ax)} \\ + \frac{m+n-2}{m-1} \int \frac{dx}{(\sin^{m-2} ax)(\cos^n ax)} \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{1}{a(n-1)\sin^{m-1} ax \cos^{n-1} ax} - \frac{m+n-2}{n-1} \int \frac{dx}{\sin^m ax \cos^{n-2} ax} \end{cases}$$

$$335. \int \sin(a+bx) dx = -\frac{1}{b} \cos(a+bx)$$

$$336. \int \cos(a+bx) dx = \frac{1}{b} \sin(a+bx)$$

$$337. \int \frac{dx}{1 \pm \sin ax} = \mp \frac{1}{a} \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4} \mp \frac{ax}{2}\right)$$

$$338. \int \frac{dx}{1 + \cos ax} = \frac{1}{a} \tan \frac{ax}{2}$$

$$339. \int \frac{dx}{1 - \cos ax} = -\frac{1}{a} \cot \frac{ax}{2}$$

$$*340. \int \frac{dx}{a + b \sin x} = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \tan^{-1} \frac{a \tan \frac{x}{2} + b}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{b^2 - a^2}} \log \frac{a \tan \frac{x}{2} + b - \sqrt{b^2 - a^2}}{a \tan \frac{x}{2} + b + \sqrt{b^2 - a^2}} \end{cases}$$

$$*341. \int \frac{dx}{a + b \cos x} = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \tan^{-1} \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} \tan \frac{x}{2}}{a + b} \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{b^2 - a^2}} \log \left(\frac{\sqrt{b^2 - a^2} \tan \frac{x}{2} + a + b}{\sqrt{b^2 - a^2} \tan \frac{x}{2} - a - b} \right) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} *342. \int \frac{dx}{a + b \sin x + c \cos x} &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}} \log \frac{b - \sqrt{b^2 + c^2 - a^2} + (a - c) \tan \frac{x}{2}}{b + \sqrt{b^2 + c^2 - a^2} + (a - c) \tan \frac{x}{2}}, & \text{if } a^2 < b^2 + c^2, a \neq c \\ &\text{or} \\ &= \frac{2}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2 - c^2}} \tan^{-1} \frac{b + (a - c) \tan \frac{x}{2}}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2 - c^2}}, & \text{if } a^2 > b^2 + c^2 \\ &\text{or} \\ &= \frac{1}{a} \left[\frac{a - (b + c) \cos x - (b - c) \sin x}{a - (b - c) \cos x + (b + c) \sin x} \right], & \text{if } a^2 = b^2 + c^2, a \neq c. \end{aligned}$$

*See note 6 on page A-19.

INTEGRALS (Continued)

$$*343. \int \frac{\sin^2 x dx}{a + b \cos^2 x} = \frac{1}{b} \sqrt{\frac{a+b}{a}} \tan^{-1} \left(\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b}} \tan x \right) - \frac{x}{b}, \quad (ab > 0, \text{ or } |a| > |b|)$$

$$*344. \int \frac{dx}{a^2 \cos^2 x + b^2 \sin^2 x} = \frac{1}{ab} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{b \tan x}{a} \right)$$

$$*345. \int \frac{\cos^2 cx}{a^2 + b^2 \sin^2 cx} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}{ab^2 c} \tan^{-1} \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2} \tan cx}{a} - \frac{x}{b^2}$$

$$346. \int \frac{\sin cx \cos cx}{a \cos^2 cx + b \sin^2 cx} dx = \frac{1}{2c(b-a)} \log(a \cos^2 cx + b \sin^2 cx)$$

$$347. \int \frac{\cos cx}{a \cos cx + b \sin cx} dx = \int \frac{dx}{a + b \tan cx} \\ = \frac{1}{c(a^2 + b^2)} [acx + b \log(a \cos cx + b \sin cx)]$$

$$348. \int \frac{\sin cx}{a \sin cx + b \cos cx} dx = \int \frac{dx}{a + b \cot cx} = \frac{1}{c(a^2 + b^2)} [acx - b \log(a \sin cx + b \cos cx)]$$

$$*349. \int \frac{dx}{a \cos^2 x + 2b \cos x \sin x + c \sin^2 x} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{b^2-ac}} \log \frac{c \tan x + b - \sqrt{b^2-ac}}{c \tan x + b + \sqrt{b^2-ac}}, & (b^2 > ac) \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{ac-b^2}} \tan^{-1} \frac{c \tan x + b}{\sqrt{ac-b^2}}, & (b^2 < ac) \\ \text{or} \\ -\frac{1}{c \tan x + b}, & (b^2 = ac) \end{cases}$$

$$350. \int \frac{\sin ax}{1 \pm \sin ax} dx = \pm x + \frac{1}{a} \tan \left(\frac{\pi}{4} \mp \frac{ax}{2} \right)$$

$$351. \int \frac{dx}{(\sin ax)(1 \pm \sin ax)} = \frac{1}{a} \tan \left(\frac{\pi}{4} \mp \frac{ax}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{a} \log \tan \frac{ax}{2}$$

$$352. \int \frac{dx}{(1 + \sin ax)^2} = -\frac{1}{2a} \tan \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{ax}{2} \right) - \frac{1}{6a} \tan^3 \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{ax}{2} \right)$$

$$353. \int \frac{dx}{(1 - \sin ax)^2} = \frac{1}{2a} \cot \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{ax}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{6a} \cot^3 \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{ax}{2} \right)$$

$$354. \int \frac{\sin ax}{(1 + \sin ax)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{2a} \tan \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{ax}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{6a} \tan^3 \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{ax}{2} \right)$$

$$355. \int \frac{\sin ax}{(1 - \sin ax)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{2a} \cot \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{ax}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{6a} \cot^3 \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{ax}{2} \right)$$

$$356. \int \frac{\sin x dx}{a + b \sin x} = \frac{x}{b} - \frac{a}{b} \int \frac{dx}{a + b \sin x}$$

$$357. \int \frac{dx}{(\sin x)(a + b \sin x)} = \frac{1}{a} \log \tan \frac{x}{2} - \frac{b}{a} \int \frac{dx}{a + b \sin x}$$

$$358. \int \frac{dx}{(a + b \sin x)^2} = \frac{b \cos x}{(a^2 - b^2)(a + b \sin x)} + \frac{a}{a^2 - b^2} \int \frac{dx}{a + b \sin x}$$

*See note 6 on page A-19.

INTEGRALS (Continued)

359. $\int \frac{\sin x dx}{(a+b\sin x)^2} = \frac{a\cos x}{(b^2-a^2)(a+b\sin x)} + \frac{h}{b^2-a^2} \int \frac{dx}{a+b\sin x}$

***360.** $\int \frac{dx}{a^2+b^2\sin^2 cx} = \frac{1}{ac\sqrt{a^2+b^2}} \tan^{-1} \frac{\sqrt{a^2+b^2}\tan cx}{a}$

***361.** $\int \frac{dx}{a^2-b^2\sin^2 cx} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{ac\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \tan^{-1} \frac{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}\tan cx}{a}, & (a^2 > b^2) \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{1}{2ac\sqrt{b^2-a^2}} \log \frac{\sqrt{b^2-a^2}\tan cx+a}{\sqrt{b^2-a^2}\tan cx-a}, & (a^2 < b^2) \end{cases}$

362. $\int \frac{\cos ax}{1+\cos ax} dx = x - \frac{1}{a} \tan \frac{ax}{2}$

363. $\int \frac{\cos ax}{1-\cos ax} dx = -x - \frac{1}{a} \cot \frac{ax}{2}$

364. $\int \frac{dx}{(\cos ax)(1+\cos ax)} = \frac{1}{a} \log \tan \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{ax}{2} \right) - \frac{1}{a} \tan \frac{ax}{2}$

365. $\int \frac{dx}{(\cos ax)(1-\cos ax)} = \frac{1}{a} \log \tan \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{ax}{2} \right) - \frac{1}{a} \cot \frac{ax}{2}$

366. $\int \frac{dx}{(1+\cos ax)^2} = \frac{1}{2a} \tan \frac{ax}{2} + \frac{1}{6a} \tan^3 \frac{ax}{2}$

367. $\int \frac{dx}{(1-\cos ax)^2} = -\frac{1}{2a} \cot \frac{ax}{2} - \frac{1}{6a} \cot^3 \frac{ax}{2}$

368. $\int \frac{\cos ax}{(1+\cos ax)^2} dx = \frac{1}{2a} \tan \frac{ax}{2} - \frac{1}{6a} \tan^3 \frac{ax}{2}$

369. $\int \frac{\cos ax}{(1-\cos ax)^2} dx = \frac{1}{2a} \cot \frac{ax}{2} - \frac{1}{6a} \cot^3 \frac{ax}{2}$

370. $\int \frac{\cos x dx}{a+b\cos x} = \frac{x}{b} - \frac{a}{b} \int \frac{dx}{a+b\cos x}$

371. $\int \frac{dx}{(\cos x)(a+b\cos x)} = \frac{1}{a} \log \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4} \right) - \frac{b}{a} \int \frac{dx}{a+b\cos x}$

372. $\int \frac{dx}{(a+b\cos x)^2} = \frac{b\sin x}{(b^2-a^2)(a+b\cos x)} - \frac{a}{b^2-a^2} \int \frac{dx}{a+b\cos x}$

373. $\int \frac{\cos x}{(a+b\cos x)^2} dx = \frac{a\sin x}{(a^2-b^2)(a+b\cos x)} - \frac{b}{a^2-b^2} \int \frac{dx}{a+b\cos x}$

***374.** $\int \frac{dx}{a^2+b^2-2ab\cos cx} = \frac{2}{c(a^2-b^2)} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{a+b}{a-b} \tan \frac{cx}{2} \right)$

***375.** $\int \frac{dx}{a^2+b^2\cos^2 cx} = \frac{1}{ac\sqrt{a^2+b^2}} \tan^{-1} \frac{a\tan cx}{\sqrt{a^2+b^2}}$

***376.** $\int \frac{dx}{a^2-b^2\cos^2 cx} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{ac\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \tan^{-1} \frac{a\tan cx}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}, & (a^2 > b^2) \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{1}{2ac\sqrt{b^2-a^2}} \log \frac{a\tan cx - \sqrt{b^2-a^2}}{a\tan cx + \sqrt{b^2-a^2}}, & (b^2 > a^2) \end{cases}$

377. $\int \frac{\sin ax}{1 \pm \cos ax} dx = \mp \frac{1}{a} \log(1 \pm \cos ax)$

*See note 6 on page A-19.

INTEGRALS (Continued)

378. $\int \frac{\cos ax}{1 \pm \sin ax} dx = \pm \frac{1}{a} \log(1 \pm \sin ax)$

379. $\int \frac{dx}{(\sin ax)(1 \pm \cos ax)} = \pm \frac{1}{2a(1 \pm \cos ax)} + \frac{1}{2a} \log \tan \frac{ax}{2}$

380. $\int \frac{dx}{(\cos ax)(1 \pm \sin ax)} = \mp \frac{1}{2a(1 \pm \sin ax)} + \frac{1}{2a} \log \tan \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{ax}{2} \right)$

381. $\int \frac{\sin ax}{(\cos ax)(1 \pm \cos ax)} dx = \frac{1}{a} \log(\sec ax \pm 1)$

382. $\int \frac{\cos ax}{(\sin ax)(1 \pm \sin ax)} dx = -\frac{1}{a} \log(\csc ax \pm 1)$

383. $\int \frac{\sin ax}{(\cos ax)(1 \pm \sin ax)} dx = \frac{1}{2a(1 \pm \sin ax)} \pm \frac{1}{2a} \log \tan \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{ax}{2} \right)$

384. $\int \frac{\cos ax}{(\sin ax)(1 \pm \cos ax)} dx = -\frac{1}{2a(1 \pm \cos ax)} \pm \frac{1}{2a} \log \tan \frac{ax}{2}$

385. $\int \frac{dx}{\sin ax \pm \cos ax} = \frac{1}{a\sqrt{2}} \log \tan \left(\frac{ax}{2} \pm \frac{\pi}{8} \right)$

386. $\int \frac{dx}{(\sin ax \pm \cos ax)^2} = \frac{1}{2a} \tan \left(ax \mp \frac{\pi}{4} \right)$

387. $\int \frac{dx}{1 + \cos ax \pm \sin ax} = \pm \frac{1}{a} \log \left(1 \pm \tan \frac{ax}{2} \right)$

388. $\int \frac{dx}{a^2 \cos^2 cx - b^2 \sin^2 cx} = \frac{1}{2abc} \log \frac{b \tan cx + a}{b \tan cx - a}$

389. $\int x(\sin ax) dx = \frac{1}{a^2} \sin ax - \frac{x}{a} \cos ax$

390. $\int x^2(\sin ax) dx = \frac{2x}{a^2} \sin ax - \frac{a^2 x^2 - 2}{a^3} \cos ax$

391. $\int x^3(\sin ax) dx = \frac{3a^2 x^2 - 6}{a^4} \sin ax - \frac{a^2 x^3 - 6x}{a^3} \cos ax$

392.
$$\int x^m \sin ax dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{a} x^m \cos ax + \frac{m}{a} \int x^{m-1} \cos ax dx \\ \text{or} \\ \cos ax \sum_{r=0}^{\lfloor m/2 \rfloor} (-1)^{r+1} \frac{m!}{(m-2r)!} \cdot \frac{x^{m-2r}}{a^{2r+1}} \\ + \sin ax \sum_{r=0}^{\lfloor (m-1)/2 \rfloor} (-1)^r \frac{m!}{(m-2r-1)!} \cdot \frac{x^{m-2r-1}}{a^{2r+2}} \end{cases}$$

Note: [s] means greatest integer $\leq s$; $[3\frac{1}{2}] = 3$, $[\frac{1}{2}] = 0$, etc.

393. $\int x(\cos ax) dx = \frac{1}{a^2} \cos ax + \frac{x}{a} \sin ax$

394. $\int x^2(\cos ax) dx = \frac{2x \cos ax}{a^2} + \frac{a^2 x^2 - 2}{a^3} \sin ax$

395. $\int x^3(\cos ax) dx = \frac{3a^2 x^2 - 6}{a^4} \cos ax + \frac{a^2 x^3 - 6x}{a^3} \sin ax$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

$$396. \int x^m (\cos ax) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x^m \sin ax}{a} - \frac{m}{a} \int x^{m-1} \sin ax dx \\ \text{or} \\ \sin ax \sum_{r=0}^{[m/2]} (-1)^r \frac{m!}{(m-2r)!} \cdot \frac{x^{m-2r}}{a^{2r+1}} \\ + \cos ax \sum_{r=0}^{[(m-1)/2]} (-1)^r \frac{m!}{(m-2r-1)!} \cdot \frac{x^{m-2r-1}}{a^{2r+2}} \end{cases}$$

See note integral 392.

$$397. \int \frac{\sin ax}{x} dx = \sum_{n=0}^r (-1)^n \frac{(ax)^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)(2n+1)!}$$

$$398. \int \frac{\cos ax}{x} dx = \log x + \sum_{n=1}^r (-1)^n \frac{(ax)^{2n}}{2n(2n)!}$$

$$399. \int x(\sin^2 ax) dx = \frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{x \sin 2ax}{4a} - \frac{\cos 2ax}{8a^2}$$

$$400. \int x^2(\sin^2 ax) dx = \frac{x^3}{6} - \left(\frac{x^2}{4a} - \frac{1}{8a^3} \right) \sin 2ax - \frac{x \cos 2ax}{4a^2}$$

$$401. \int x(\sin^3 ax) dx = \frac{x \cos 3ax}{12a} - \frac{\sin 3ax}{36a^2} - \frac{3x \cos ax}{4a} + \frac{3 \sin ax}{4a^2}$$

$$402. \int x(\cos^2 ax) dx = \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{x \sin 2ax}{4a} + \frac{\cos 2ax}{8a^2}$$

$$403. \int x^2(\cos^2 ax) dx = \frac{x^3}{6} + \left(\frac{x^2}{4a} - \frac{1}{8a^3} \right) \sin 2ax + \frac{x \cos 2ax}{4a^2}$$

$$404. \int x(\cos^3 ax) dx = \frac{x \sin 3ax}{12a} + \frac{\cos 3ax}{36a^2} + \frac{3x \sin ax}{4a} + \frac{3 \cos ax}{4a^2}$$

$$405. \int \frac{\sin ax}{x^m} dx = -\frac{\sin ax}{(m-1)x^{m-1}} + \frac{a}{m-1} \int \frac{\cos ax}{x^{m-1}} dx$$

$$406. \int \frac{\cos ax}{x^m} dx = -\frac{\cos ax}{(m-1)x^{m-1}} - \frac{a}{m-1} \int \frac{\sin ax}{x^{m-1}} dx$$

$$407. \int \frac{x}{1 \pm \sin ax} dx = \mp \frac{x \cos ax}{a(1 \pm \sin ax)} + \frac{1}{a^2} \log(1 \pm \sin ax)$$

$$408. \int \frac{x}{1 + \cos ax} dx = \frac{x}{a} \tan \frac{ax}{2} + \frac{2}{a^2} \log \cos \frac{ax}{2}$$

$$409. \int \frac{x}{1 - \cos ax} dx = -\frac{x}{a} \cot \frac{ax}{2} + \frac{2}{a^2} \log \sin \frac{ax}{2}$$

$$410. \int \frac{x + \sin x}{1 + \cos x} dx = x \tan \frac{x}{2}$$

$$411. \int \frac{x - \sin x}{1 - \cos x} dx = -x \cot \frac{x}{2}$$

$$412. \int \sqrt{1 - \cos ax} dx = -\frac{2 \sin ax}{a \sqrt{1 - \cos ax}} = -\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{a} \cos \left(\frac{ax}{2} \right)$$

$$413. \int \sqrt{1 + \cos ax} dx = \frac{2 \sin ax}{a \sqrt{1 + \cos ax}} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{a} \sin \left(\frac{ax}{2} \right)$$

$$414. \int \sqrt{1 + \sin x} dx = \pm 2 \left(\sin \frac{x}{2} - \cos \frac{x}{2} \right),$$

[use + if $(8k-1)\frac{\pi}{2} < x \leq (8k+3)\frac{\pi}{2}$, otherwise - ; k an integer]

INTEGRALS (Continued)

415. $\int \sqrt{1 - \sin x} dx = \pm 2 \left(\sin \frac{x}{2} + \cos \frac{x}{2} \right),$
 [use + if $(8k-3)\frac{\pi}{2} < x \leq (8k+1)\frac{\pi}{2}$, otherwise -; k an integer]

416. $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1 - \cos x}} = \pm \sqrt{2} \log \tan \frac{x}{4},$
 [use + if $4k\pi < x < (4k+2)\pi$, otherwise -; k an integer]

417. $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1 + \cos x}} = \pm \sqrt{2} \log \tan \left(\frac{x + \pi}{4} \right),$
 [use + if $(4k-1)\pi < x < (4k+1)\pi$, otherwise -; k an integer]

418. $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1 - \sin x}} = \pm \sqrt{2} \log \tan \left(\frac{x}{4} - \frac{\pi}{8} \right),$
 [use + if $(8k+1)\frac{\pi}{2} < x < (8k+5)\frac{\pi}{2}$, otherwise -; k an integer]

419. $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1 + \sin x}} = \pm \sqrt{2} \log \tan \left(\frac{x}{4} + \frac{\pi}{8} \right),$
 [use + if $(8k-1)\frac{\pi}{2} < x < (8k+3)\frac{\pi}{2}$, otherwise -; k an integer]

420. $\int (\tan^2 ax) dx = \frac{1}{a} \tan ax - x$

421. $\int (\tan^3 ax) dx = \frac{1}{2a} \tan^2 ax + \frac{1}{a} \log \cos ax$

422. $\int (\tan^4 ax) dx = \frac{\tan^3 ax}{3a} - \frac{1}{a} \tan x + x$

423. $\int (\tan^n ax) dx = \frac{\tan^{n-1} ax}{a(n-1)} - \int (\tan^{n-2} ax) dx$

424. $\int (\cot^2 ax) dx = -\frac{1}{a} \cot ax - x$

425. $\int (\cot^3 ax) dx = -\frac{1}{2a} \cot^2 ax - \frac{1}{a} \log \sin ax$

426. $\int (\cot^4 ax) dx = -\frac{1}{3a} \cot^3 ax + \frac{1}{a} \cot ax + x$

427. $\int (\cot^n ax) dx = -\frac{\cot^{n-1} ax}{a(n-1)} - \int (\cot^{n-2} ax) dx$

428. $\int \frac{x}{\sin^2 ax} dx = \int x(\csc^2 ax) dx = -\frac{x \cot ax}{a} + \frac{1}{a^2} \log \sin ax$

429. $\int \frac{x}{\sin^n ax} dx = \int x(\csc^n ax) dx = -\frac{x \cos ax}{a(n-1) \sin^{n-1} ax} - \frac{1}{a^2(n-1)(n-2) \sin^{n-2} ax}$
 $+ \frac{(n-2)}{(n-1)} \int \frac{x}{\sin^{n-2} ax} dx$

430. $\int \frac{x}{\cos^2 ax} dx = \int x(\sec^2 ax) dx = \frac{1}{a} x \tan ax + \frac{1}{a^2} \log \cos ax$

431. $\int \frac{x}{\cos^n ax} dx = \int x(\sec^n ax) dx = \frac{x \sin ax}{a(n-1) \cos^{n-1} ax} - \frac{1}{a^2(n-1)(n-2) \cos^{n-2} ax}$
 $+ \frac{n-2}{n-1} \int \frac{x}{\cos^{n-2} ax} dx$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

- 432.** $\int \frac{\sin ax}{\sqrt{1+b^2 \sin^2 ax}} dx = -\frac{1}{ab} \sin^{-1} \frac{b \cos ax}{\sqrt{1+b^2}}$
- 433.** $\int \frac{\sin ax}{\sqrt{1-b^2 \sin^2 ax}} dx = -\frac{1}{ab} \log(b \cos ax + \sqrt{1-b^2 \sin^2 ax})$
- 434.** $\int (\sin ax) \sqrt{1+b^2 \sin^2 ax} dx = -\frac{\cos ax}{2a} \sqrt{1+b^2 \sin^2 ax} - \frac{1+b^2}{2ab} \sin^{-1} \frac{b \cos ax}{\sqrt{1+b^2}}$
- 435.** $\int (\sin ax) \sqrt{1-b^2 \sin^2 ax} dx = -\frac{\cos ax}{2a} \sqrt{1-b^2 \sin^2 ax}$
 $\quad \quad \quad - \frac{1-b^2}{2ab} \log(b \cos ax + \sqrt{1-b^2 \sin^2 ax})$
- 436.** $\int \frac{\cos ax}{\sqrt{1+b^2 \sin^2 ax}} dx = \frac{1}{ab} \log(b \sin ax + \sqrt{1+b^2 \sin^2 ax})$
- 437.** $\int \frac{\cos ax}{\sqrt{1-b^2 \sin^2 ax}} dx = \frac{1}{ab} \sin^{-1}(b \sin ax)$
- 438.** $\int (\cos ax) \sqrt{1+b^2 \sin^2 ax} dx = \frac{\sin ax}{2a} \sqrt{1+b^2 \sin^2 ax}$
 $\quad \quad \quad + \frac{1}{2ab} \log(b \sin ax + \sqrt{1+b^2 \sin^2 ax})$
- 439.** $\int (\cos ax) \sqrt{1-b^2 \sin^2 ax} dx = \frac{\sin ax}{2a} \sqrt{1-b^2 \sin^2 ax} + \frac{1}{2ab} \sin^{-1}(b \sin ax)$
- 440.** $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2 cx}} = \frac{\pm 1}{c\sqrt{a-b}} \sin^{-1} \left(\sqrt{\frac{a-b}{a}} \sin cx \right), \quad (a > |b|)$
[use + if $(2k-1)\frac{\pi}{2} < x \leq (2k+1)\frac{\pi}{2}$, otherwise -; k an integer]

FORMS INVOLVING INVERSE TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS

- 441.** $\int (\sin^{-1} ax) dx = x \sin^{-1} ax + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2 x^2}}{a}$
- 442.** $\int (\cos^{-1} ax) dx = x \cos^{-1} ax - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2 x^2}}{a}$
- 443.** $\int (\tan^{-1} ax) dx = x \tan^{-1} ax - \frac{1}{2a} \log(1+a^2 x^2)$
- 444.** $\int (\cot^{-1} ax) dx = x \cot^{-1} ax + \frac{1}{2a} \log(1+a^2 x^2)$
- 445.** $\int (\sec^{-1} ax) dx = x \sec^{-1} ax - \frac{1}{a} \log(ax + \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1})$
- 446.** $\int (\csc^{-1} ax) dx = x \csc^{-1} ax + \frac{1}{a} \log(ax + \sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1})$
- 447.** $\int \left(\sin^{-1} \frac{x}{a} \right) dx = x \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{a} + \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}, \quad (a > 0)$
- 448.** $\int \left(\cos^{-1} \frac{x}{a} \right) dx = x \cos^{-1} \frac{x}{a} - \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}, \quad (a > 0)$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

449. $\int \left(\tan^{-1} \frac{x}{a} \right) dx = x \tan^{-1} \frac{x}{a} - \frac{a}{2} \log(a^2 + x^2)$

450. $\int \left(\cot^{-1} \frac{x}{a} \right) dx = x \cot^{-1} \frac{x}{a} + \frac{a}{2} \log(a^2 + x^2)$

451. $\int x [\sin^{-1}(ax)] dx = \frac{1}{4a^2} [(2a^2x^2 - 1) \sin^{-1}(ax) + ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}]$

452. $\int x [\cos^{-1}(ax)] dx = \frac{1}{4a^2} [(2a^2x^2 - 1) \cos^{-1}(ax) - ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}]$

453. $\int x^n [\sin^{-1}(ax)] dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} \sin^{-1}(ax) - \frac{a}{n+1} \int \frac{x^{n+1} dx}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}, \quad (n \neq -1)$

454. $\int x^n [\cos^{-1}(ax)] dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} \cos^{-1}(ax) + \frac{a}{n+1} \int \frac{x^{n+1} dx}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}, \quad (n \neq -1)$

455. $\int x(\tan^{-1} ax) dx = \frac{1+a^2x^2}{2a^2} \tan^{-1} ax - \frac{x}{2a}$

456. $\int x^n (\tan^{-1} ax) dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} \tan^{-1} ax - \frac{a}{n+1} \int \frac{x^{n+1} dx}{1+a^2x^2}$

457. $\int x(\cot^{-1} ax) dx = \frac{1+a^2x^2}{2a^2} \cot^{-1} ax + \frac{x}{2a}$

458. $\int x^n (\cot^{-1} ax) dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} \cot^{-1} ax + \frac{a}{n+1} \int \frac{x^{n+1} dx}{1+a^2x^2}$

459. $\int \frac{\sin^{-1}(ax)}{x^2} dx = a \log\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x}\right) - \frac{\sin^{-1}(ax)}{x}$

460. $\int \frac{\cos^{-1}(ax) dx}{x^2} = -\frac{1}{x} \cos^{-1}(ax) + a \log \frac{1+\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x}$

461. $\int \frac{\tan^{-1}(ax) dx}{x^2} = -\frac{1}{x} \tan^{-1}(ax) - \frac{a}{2} \log \frac{1+a^2x^2}{x^2}$

462. $\int \frac{\cot^{-1} ax dx}{x^2} = -\frac{1}{x} \cot^{-1} ax - \frac{a}{2} \log \frac{x^2}{a^2x^2+1}$

463. $\int (\sin^{-1} ax)^2 dx = x(\sin^{-1} ax)^2 - 2x + \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a} \sin^{-1} ax$

464. $\int (\cos^{-1} ax)^2 dx = x(\cos^{-1} ax)^2 - 2x - \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a} \cos^{-1} ax$

465.
$$\int (\sin^{-1} ax)^n dx = \begin{cases} x(\sin^{-1} ax)^n + \frac{n\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a} (\sin^{-1} ax)^{n-1} 100 - n(n-1) \int (\sin^{-1} ax)^{n-2} dx \\ \text{or} \\ \sum_{r=0}^{\lfloor n/2 \rfloor} (-1)^r \frac{n!}{(n-2r)!} x(\sin^{-1} ax)^{n-2r} \\ \quad + \sum_{r=0}^{\lfloor (n-1)/2 \rfloor} (-1)^r \frac{n! \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{(n-2r-1)! a} (\sin^{-1} ax)^{n-2r-1} \end{cases}$$

Note: $[s]$ means greatest integer $\leq s$. Thus $[3.5] = 3$; $[5] = 5$, $[\frac{1}{2}] = 0$.

INTEGRALS (Continued)

$$466. \int (\cos^{-1} ax)^n dx = \begin{cases} x(\cos^{-1} ax)^n - \frac{n\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a}(\cos^{-1} ax)^{n-1} 120 - n(n-1) \int (\cos^{-1} ax)^{n-2} dx \\ \text{or} \\ \sum_{r=0}^{\lfloor n/2 \rfloor} (-1)^r \frac{n!}{(n-2r)!} x(\cos^{-1} ax)^{n-2r} \\ \quad \sum_{r=0}^{\lfloor (n-1)/2 \rfloor} (-1)^r \frac{n!\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{(n-2r-1)!a} (\cos^{-1} ax)^{n-2r-1} \end{cases}$$

$$467. \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} (\sin^{-1} ax) dx = \frac{1}{2a} (\sin^{-1} ax)^2$$

$$468. \int \frac{x^n}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} (\sin^{-1} ax) dx = -\frac{x^{n-1}}{na^2} \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sin^{-1} ax + \frac{x^n}{n^2 a} \\ + \frac{n-1}{na^2} \int \frac{x^{n-2}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} \sin^{-1} ax dx$$

$$469. \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} (\cos^{-1} ax) dx = -\frac{1}{2a} (\cos^{-1} ax)^2$$

$$470. \int \frac{x^n}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} (\cos^{-1} ax) dx = -\frac{x^{n-1}}{na^2} \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \cos^{-1} ax - \frac{x^n}{n^2 a} \\ + \frac{n-1}{na^2} \int \frac{x^{n-2}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} \cos^{-1} ax dx$$

$$471. \int \frac{\tan^{-1} ax}{a^2x^2+1} dx = \frac{1}{2a} (\tan^{-1} ax)^2$$

$$472. \int \frac{\cot^{-1} ax}{a^2x^2+1} dx = -\frac{1}{2a} (\cot^{-1} ax)^2$$

$$473. \int x \sec^{-1} ax dx = \frac{x^2}{2} \sec^{-1} ax - \frac{1}{2a^2} \sqrt{a^2x^2-1}$$

$$474. \int x^n \sec^{-1} ax dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} \sec^{-1} ax - \frac{1}{n+1} \int \frac{x^n dx}{\sqrt{a^2x^2-1}}$$

$$475. \int \frac{\sec^{-1} ax}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sec^{-1} ax}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{a^2x^2-1}}{x}$$

$$476. \int x \csc^{-1} ax dx = \frac{x^2}{2} \csc^{-1} ax + \frac{1}{2a^2} \sqrt{a^2x^2-1}$$

$$477. \int x^n \csc^{-1} ax dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} \csc^{-1} ax + \frac{1}{n+1} \int \frac{x^n dx}{\sqrt{a^2x^2-1}}$$

$$478. \int \frac{\csc^{-1} ax}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\csc^{-1} ax}{x} - \frac{\sqrt{a^2x^2-1}}{x}$$

FORMS INVOLVING TRIGONOMETRIC SUBSTITUTIONS

$$479. \int f(\sin x) dx = 2 \int f\left(\frac{2z}{1+z^2}\right) \frac{dz}{1+z^2}, \quad \left(z = \tan \frac{x}{2}\right)$$

$$480. \int f(\cos x) dx = 2 \int f\left(\frac{1-z^2}{1+z^2}\right) \frac{dz}{1+z^2}, \quad \left(z = \tan \frac{x}{2}\right)$$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

*481. $\int f(\sin x) dx = \int f(u) \frac{du}{\sqrt{1-u^2}}, \quad (u = \sin x)$

*482. $\int f(\cos x) dx = - \int f(u) \frac{du}{\sqrt{1-u^2}}, \quad (u = \cos x)$

*483. $\int f(\sin x, \cos x) dx = \int f(u, \sqrt{1-u^2}) \frac{du}{\sqrt{1-u^2}}, \quad (u = \sin x)$

484. $\int f(\sin x, \cos x) dx = 2 \int f\left(\frac{2z}{1+z^2}, \frac{1-z^2}{1+z^2}\right) \frac{dz}{1+z^2}, \quad (z = \tan \frac{x}{2})$

LOGARITHMIC FORMS

485. $\int (\log x) dx = x \log x - x$

486. $\int x(\log x) dx = \frac{x^2}{2} \log x - \frac{x^2}{4}$

487. $\int x^2(\log x) dx = \frac{x^3}{3} \log x - \frac{x^3}{9}$

488. $\int x^n(\log ax) dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} \log ax - \frac{x^{n+1}}{(n+1)^2}$

489. $\int (\log x)^2 dx = x(\log x)^2 - 2x \log x + 2x$

490. $\int (\log x)^n dx = \begin{cases} x(\log x)^n - n \int (\log x)^{n-1} dx, & (n \neq -1) \\ \text{or} \\ (-1)^n n! x \sum_{r=0}^n \frac{(-\log x)^r}{r!} \end{cases}$

491. $\int \frac{(\log x)^n}{x} dx = \frac{1}{n+1} (\log x)^{n+1}$

492. $\int \frac{dx}{\log x} = \log(\log x) + \log x + \frac{(\log x)^2}{2 \cdot 2!} + \frac{(\log x)^3}{3 \cdot 3!} + \dots$

493. $\int \frac{dx}{x \log x} = \log(\log x)$

494. $\int \frac{dx}{x(\log x)^n} = -\frac{1}{(n-1)(\log x)^{n-1}}$

495. $\int \frac{x^m dx}{(\log x)^n} = -\frac{x^{m+1}}{(n-1)(\log x)^{n-1}} + \frac{m+1}{n-1} \int \frac{x^m dx}{(\log x)^{n-1}}$

496. $\int x^m (\log x)^n dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x^{m+1}(\log x)^n}{m+1} - \frac{n}{m+1} \int x^m (\log x)^{n-1} dx \\ \text{or} \\ (-1)^n \frac{n!}{m+1} x^{m+1} \sum_{r=0}^n \frac{(-\log x)^r}{r!(m+1)^{n-r}} \end{cases}$

497. $\int x^p \cos(b \ln x) dx = \frac{x^{p+1}}{(p+1)^2 + b^2} \cdot [b \sin(b \ln x) + (p+1) \cos(b \ln x)] + c$

498. $\int x^p \sin(b \ln x) dx = \frac{x^{p+1}}{(p+1)^2 + b^2} \cdot [(p+1) \sin(b \ln x) - b \cos(b \ln x)] + c$

499. $\int [\log(ax+b)] dx = \frac{ax+b}{a} \log(ax+b) - x$

* The square roots appearing in these formulas may be plus or minus, depending on the quadrant of x . Care must be used to give them the proper sign.

INTEGRALS (Continued)

500. $\int \frac{\log(ax+b)}{x^2} dx = \frac{a}{b} \log x - \frac{ax+b}{bx} \log(ax+b)$

501. $\int x^m [\log(ax+b)] dx = \frac{1}{m+1} \left[x^{m+1} - \left(-\frac{b}{a} \right)^{m+1} \right] \log(ax+b)$

$$- \frac{1}{m+1} \left(-\frac{b}{a} \right)^{m+1} \sum_{r=1}^{m+1} \frac{1}{r} \left(-\frac{ax}{b} \right)^r$$

502. $\int \frac{\log(ax+b)}{x^m} dx = -\frac{1}{m-1} \frac{\log(ax+b)}{x^{m-1}} + \frac{1}{m-1} \left(-\frac{a}{b} \right)^{m-1} \log \frac{ax+b}{x}$

$$+ \frac{1}{m-1} \left(-\frac{a}{b} \right)^{m-1} \sum_{r=1}^{m-1} \frac{1}{r} \left(-\frac{b}{ax} \right)^r, \quad (m > 2)$$

503. $\int \left[\log \frac{x+a}{x-a} \right] dx = (x+a) \log(x+a) - (x-a) \log(x-a)$

504. $\int x^m \left[\log \frac{x+a}{x-a} \right] dx = \frac{x^{m+1} - (-a)^{m+1}}{m+1} \log(x+a) - \frac{x^{m+1} - a^{m+1}}{m+1} \log(x-a)$

$$+ \frac{2a^{m+1}}{m+1} \sum_{r=1}^{[(m+1)/2]} \frac{1}{m-2r+2} \left(\frac{x}{a} \right)^{m-2r+2}$$

See note integral 392.

505. $\int \frac{1}{x^2} \left[\log \frac{x+a}{x-a} \right] dx = \frac{1}{x} \log \frac{x-a}{x+a} - \frac{1}{a} \log \frac{x^2 - a^2}{x^2}$

506. $\int (\log X) dx = \begin{cases} \left(x + \frac{b}{2c} \right) \log X - 2x + \frac{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}{c} \tan^{-1} \frac{2cx+b}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}, & (b^2 - 4ac < 0) \\ \text{or} \\ \left(x + \frac{b}{2c} \right) \log X - 2x + \frac{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{c} \tanh^{-1} \frac{2cx+b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}, & (b^2 - 4ac > 0) \\ \text{where} \\ X = a + bx + cx^2 \end{cases}$

507. $\int x^n (\log X) dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} \log X - \frac{2c}{n+1} \int \frac{x^{n+2}}{X} dx - \frac{b}{n+1} \int \frac{x^{n+1}}{X} dx$
 where $X = a + bx + cx^2$

508. $\int [\log(x^2 + a^2)] dx = x \log(x^2 + a^2) - 2x + 2a \tan^{-1} \frac{x}{a}$

509. $\int [\log(x^2 - a^2)] dx = x \log(x^2 - a^2) - 2x + a \log \frac{x+a}{x-a}$

510. $\int x [\log(x^2 \pm a^2)] dx = \frac{1}{2}(x^2 \pm a^2) \log(x^2 \pm a^2) - \frac{1}{2}x^2$

511. $\int [\log(x + \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2})] dx = x \log(x + \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}) - \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}$

512. $\int x [\log(x + \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2})] dx = \left(\frac{x^2}{2} \pm \frac{a^2}{4} \right) \log(x + \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}) - \frac{x \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}}{4}$

513. $\int x^m [\log(x + \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2})] dx = \frac{x^{m+1}}{m+1} \log(x + \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}) - \frac{1}{m+1} \int \frac{x^{m+1}}{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}} dx$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

514. $\int \frac{\log(x + \sqrt{x^2 + a^2})}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\log(x + \sqrt{x^2 + a^2})}{x} - \frac{1}{a} \log \frac{a + \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}}{x}$

515. $\int \frac{\log(x + \sqrt{x^2 - a^2})}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\log(x + \sqrt{x^2 - a^2})}{x} + \frac{1}{|a|} \sec^{-1} \frac{x}{a}$

516. $\int x^n \log(x^2 - a^2) dx = \frac{1}{n+1} \left[x^{n+1} \log(x^2 - a^2) - a^{n+1} \log(x - a) \right. \\ \left. - (-a)^{n+1} \log(x + a) - 2 \sum_{r=0}^{\lfloor n/2 \rfloor} \frac{a^{2r} x^{n-2r+1}}{n-2r+1} \right]$

See note integral 392.

EXPONENTIAL FORMS

517. $\int e^x dx = e^x$

518. $\int e^{-x} dx = -e^{-x}$

519. $\int e^{ax} dx = \frac{e^{ax}}{a}$

520. $\int x e^{ax} dx = \frac{e^{ax}}{a^2} (ax - 1)$

521. $\int x^m e^{ax} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x^m e^{ax}}{a} - \frac{m}{a} \int x^{m-1} e^{ax} dx \\ \text{or} \\ e^{ax} \sum_{r=0}^m (-1)^r \frac{m! x^{m-r}}{(m-r)! a^{r+1}} \end{cases}$

522. $\int \frac{e^{ax} dx}{x} = \log x + \frac{ax}{1!} + \frac{a^2 x^2}{2 \cdot 2!} + \frac{a^3 + x^3}{3 \cdot 3!} + \dots$

523. $\int \frac{e^{ax} dx}{x^m} = -\frac{1}{m-1} \frac{e^{ax}}{x^{m-1}} + \frac{a}{m-1} \int \frac{e^{ax}}{x^{m-1}} dx$

524. $\int e^{ax} \log x dx = \frac{e^{ax} \log x}{a} - \frac{1}{a} \int \frac{e^{ax}}{x} dx$

525. $\int \frac{dx}{1 + e^x} = x - \log(1 + e^x) = \log \frac{e^x}{1 + e^x}$

526. $\int \frac{dx}{a + be^{px}} = \frac{x}{a} - \frac{1}{ap} \log(a + be^{px})$

527. $\int \frac{dx}{ae^{mx} + be^{-mx}} = \frac{1}{m\sqrt{ab}} \tan^{-1} \left(e^{mx} \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} \right), \quad (a > 0, b > 0)$

528. $\int \frac{dx}{ae^{mx} - be^{-mx}} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2m\sqrt{ab}} \log \frac{\sqrt{a} e^{mx} - \sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a} e^{mx} + \sqrt{b}} \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{-1}{m\sqrt{ab}} \tanh^{-1} \left(\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} e^{mx} \right), \quad (a > 0, b > 0) \end{cases}$

529. $\int (a^x - a^{-x}) dx = \frac{a^x + a^{-x}}{\log a}$

530. $\int \frac{e^{ax}}{b + ce^{ax}} dx = \frac{1}{ac} \log(b + ce^{ax})$

531. $\int \frac{x e^{ax}}{(1 + ax)^2} dx = \frac{e^{ax}}{a^2(1 + ax)}$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

532. $\int x e^{-x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{2}e^{-x^2}$

533. $\int e^{ax}[\sin(bx)] dx = \frac{e^{ax}[a \sin(bx) - b \cos(bx)]}{a^2 + b^2}$

534. $\int e^{ax}[\sin(bx)][\sin(cx)] dx = \frac{e^{ax}[(b-c)\sin(b-c)x + a\cos(b-c)x]}{2[a^2 + (b-c)^2]}$
 $\quad \quad \quad - \frac{e^{ax}[(b+c)\sin(b+c)x + a\cos(b+c)x]}{2[a^2 + (b+c)^2]}$

535. $\int e^{ax}[\sin(bx)][\cos(cx)] dx = \begin{cases} \frac{e^{ax}[a \sin(b-c)x - (b-c)\cos(b-c)x]}{2[a^2 + (b-c)^2]} \\ \quad + \frac{e^{ax}[a \sin(b+c)x - (b+c)\cos(b+c)x]}{2[a^2 + (b+c)^2]} \\ \quad \text{or} \\ \frac{e^{ax}}{\rho} [(a \sin bx - b \cos bx)[\cos(cx - \alpha)] \\ \quad - c(\sin bx) \sin(cx - \alpha)] \end{cases}$
 where
 $\rho = \sqrt{(a^2 + b^2 - c^2)^2 + 4a^2c^2},$
 $\rho \cos \alpha = a^2 + b^2 - c^2, \quad \rho \sin \alpha = 2ac$

536. $\int e^{ax}[\sin(bx)][\sin(bx + c)] dx = \frac{e^{ax} \cos c}{2a} - \frac{e^{ax}[a \cos(2bx + c) + 2b \sin(2bx + c)]}{2(a^2 + 4b^2)}$

537. $\int e^{ax}[\sin(bx)][\cos(bx + c)] dx = \frac{-e^{ax} \sin c}{2a} + \frac{e^{ax}[a \sin(2bx + c) - 2b \cos(2bx + c)]}{2(a^2 + 4b^2)}$

538. $\int e^{ax}[\cos(bx)] dx = \frac{e^{ax}}{a^2 + b^2} [a \cos(bx) + b \sin(bx)]$

539. $\int e^{ax}[\cos(bx)][\cos(cx)] dx = \frac{e^{ax}[(b-c)\sin(b-c)x + a\cos(b-c)x]}{2[a^2 + (b-c)^2]}$
 $\quad \quad \quad + \frac{e^{ax}[(b+c)\sin(b+c)x + a\cos(b+c)x]}{2[a^2 + (b+c)^2]}$

540. $\int e^{ax}[\cos(bx)][\cos(bx + c)] dx = \frac{e^{ax} \cos c}{2a} + \frac{e^{ax}[a \cos(2bx + c) + 2b \sin(2bx + c)]}{2(a^2 + 4b^2)}$

541. $\int e^{ax}[\cos(bx)][\sin(bx + c)] dx = \frac{e^{ax} \sin c}{2a} + \frac{e^{ax}[a \sin(2bx + c) - 2b \cos(2bx + c)]}{2(a^2 + 4b^2)}$

542. $\int e^{ax}[\sin^n bx] dx = \frac{1}{a^2 + n^2 b^2} \left[(a \sin bx - nb \cos bx) e^{ax} \sin^{n-1} bx \right. \\ \left. + n(n-1)b^2 \int e^{ax}[\sin^{n-2} bx] dx \right]$

543. $\int e^{ax}[\cos^n bx] dx = \frac{1}{a^2 + n^2 b^2} \left[(a \cos bx + nb \sin bx) e^{ax} \cos^{n-1} bx \right. \\ \left. + n(n-1)b^2 \int e^{ax}[\cos^{n-2} bx] dx \right]$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

$$544. \int x^m e^x \sin x dx = \frac{1}{2} x^m e^x (\sin x - \cos x) \\ - \frac{m}{2} \int x^{m-1} e^x \sin x dx + \frac{m}{2} \int x^{m-1} e^x \cos x dx$$

$$545. \int x^m e^{ax} [\sin bx] dx = \begin{cases} x^m e^{ax} \frac{a \sin bx - b \cos bx}{a^2 + b^2} \\ - \frac{m}{a^2 + b^2} \int x^{m-1} e^{ax} (a \sin bx - b \cos bx) dx \\ \text{or} \\ e^{ax} \sum_{r=0}^m \frac{(-1)^r m! x^{m-r}}{\rho^{r+1} (m-r)!} \sin[bx - (r+1)\alpha] \\ \text{where} \\ \rho = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}, \quad \rho \cos \alpha = a, \quad \rho \sin \alpha = b \end{cases}$$

$$546. \int x^m e^x \cos x dx = \frac{1}{2} x^m e^x (\sin x + \cos x) \\ - \frac{m}{2} \int x^{m-1} e^x \sin x dx - \frac{m}{2} \int x^{m-1} e^x \cos x dx$$

$$547. \int x^m e^{ax} \cos bx dx = \begin{cases} x^m e^{ax} \frac{a \cos bx + b \sin bx}{a^2 + b^2} \\ - \frac{m}{a^2 + b^2} \int x^{m-1} e^{ax} (a \cos bx + b \sin bx) dx \\ \text{or} \\ e^{ax} \sum_{r=0}^m \frac{(-1)^r m! x^{m-r}}{\rho^{r+1} (m-r)!} \cos[bx - (r+1)\alpha] \\ \rho = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}, \quad \rho \cos \alpha = a, \quad \rho \sin \alpha = b \end{cases}$$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{e^{ax} \cos^{m-1} x \sin^n x [a \cos x + (m+n) \sin x]}{(m+n)^2 + a^2} \\
 & - \frac{na}{(m+n)^2 + a^2} \int e^{ax} (\cos^{m-1} x) (\sin^{n-1} x) dx \\
 & + \frac{(m-1)(m+n)}{(m+n)^2 + a^2} \int e^{ax} (\cos^{m-2} x) (\sin^n x) dx \\
 & \quad \text{or} \\
 & \frac{e^{ax} \cos^m x [\sin^{n-1} x [a \sin x - (m+n) \cos x]]}{(m+n)^2 + a^2} \\
 & + \frac{ma}{(m+n)^2 + a^2} \int e^{ax} (\cos^{m-1} x) (\sin^{n-1} x) dx \\
 & + \frac{(n-1)(m+n)}{(m+n)^2 + a^2} \int e^{ax} (\cos^m x) (\sin^{n-2} x) dx \\
 & \quad \text{or} \\
 & \frac{e^{ax} (\cos^{m-1} x) (\sin^{n-1} x) (a \sin x \cos x + m \sin^2 x - n \cos^2 x)}{(m+n)^2 + a^2} \\
 & + \frac{m(m-1)}{(m+n)^2 + a^2} \int e^{ax} (\cos^{m-2} x) (\sin^n x) dx \\
 & + \frac{n(n-1)}{(m+n)^2 + a^2} \int e^{ax} (\cos^m x) (\sin^{n-2} x) dx \\
 & \quad \text{or} \\
 & \frac{e^{ax} (\cos^{m-1} x) (\sin^{n-1} x) (a \cos x \sin x + m \sin^2 x - n \cos^2 x)}{(m+n)^2 + a^2} \\
 & + \frac{m(m-1)}{(m+n)^2 + a^2} \int e^{ax} (\cos^{m-2} x) (\sin^{n-2} x) dx \\
 & + \frac{(n-m)(n+m-1)}{(m+n)^2 + a^2} \int e^{ax} (\cos^m x) (\sin^{n-2} x) dx
 \end{aligned}$$

548. $\int e^{ax} (\cos^m x) (\sin^n x) dx =$

$$549. \int xe^{ax} (\sin bx) dx = \frac{xe^{ax}}{a^2 + b^2} (a \sin bx - b \cos bx) - \frac{e^{ax}}{(a^2 + b^2)^2} [(a^2 - b^2) \sin bx - 2ab \cos bx]$$

$$550. \int xe^{ax} (\cos bx) dx = \frac{xe^{ax}}{a^2 + b^2} (a \cos bx - b \sin bx) - \frac{e^{ax}}{(a^2 + b^2)^2} [(a^2 - b^2) \cos bx - 2ab \sin bx]$$

$$551. \int \frac{e^{ax}}{\sin^n x} dx = -\frac{e^{ax} [a \sin x + (n-2) \cos x]}{(n-1)(n-2) \sin^{n-1} x} + \frac{a^2 + (n-2)^2}{(n-1)(n-2)} \int \frac{e^{ax}}{\sin^{n-2} x} dx$$

$$552. \int \frac{e^{ax}}{\cos^n x} dx = -\frac{e^{ax} [a \cos x - (n-2) \sin x]}{(n-1)(n-2) \cos^{n-1} x} + \frac{a^2 + (n-2)^2}{(n-1)(n-2)} \int \frac{e^{ax}}{\cos^{n-2} x} dx$$

$$553. \int e^{ax} \tan^n x dx = e^{ax} \frac{\tan^{n-1} x}{n-1} - \frac{a}{n-1} \int e^{ax} \tan^{n-1} x dx - \int e^{ax} \tan^{n-2} x dx$$

HYPERBOLIC FORMS

$$554. \int (\sinh x) dx = \cosh x$$

$$555. \int (\cosh x) dx = \sinh x$$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

556. $\int (\tanh x) dx = \log \cosh x$

557. $\int (\coth x) dx = \log \sinh x$

558. $\int (\operatorname{sech} x) dx = \tan^{-1}(\sinh x)$

559. $\int (\operatorname{csch} x) dx = \log \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$

560. $\int x(\sinh x) dx = x \cosh x - \sinh x$

561. $\int x^n(\sinh x) dx = x^n \cosh x - n \int x^{n-1}(\cosh x) dx$

562. $\int x(\cosh x) dx = x \sinh x - \cosh x$

563. $\int x^n(\cosh x) dx = x^n \sinh x - n \int x^{n-1}(\sinh x) dx$

564. $\int (\operatorname{sech} x)(\tanh x) dx = -\operatorname{sech} x$

565. $\int (\operatorname{csch} x)(\coth x) dx = -\operatorname{csch} x$

566. $\int (\sinh^2 x) dx = \frac{\sinh 2x}{4} - \frac{x}{2}$

567. $\int (\sinh^m x)(\cosh^n x) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{m+n} (\sinh^{m+1} x)(\cosh^{n-1} x) \\ + \frac{n-1}{m+n} \int (\sinh^m x)(\cosh^{n-2} x) dx \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{1}{m+n} \sinh^{m-1} x \cosh^{n+1} x \\ - \frac{m-1}{m+n} \int (\sinh^{m-2} x)(\cosh^n x) dx, \quad (m+n \neq 0) \end{cases}$

568. $\int \frac{dx}{(\sinh^m x)(\cosh^n x)} = \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{(m-n)(\sinh^{m-1} x)(\cosh^{n-1} x)} \\ -\frac{m+n-2}{m-1} \int \frac{dx}{(\sinh^{m-2} x)(\cosh^n x)}, \quad (m \neq 1) \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{1}{(n-1) \sinh^{m-1} x \cosh^{n-1} x} \\ + \frac{m+n-2}{n-1} \int \frac{dx}{(\sinh^m x)(\cosh^{n-2} x)}, \quad (n \neq 1) \end{cases}$

569. $\int (\tanh^2 x) dx = x - \tanh x$

570. $\int (\tanh^n x) dx = -\frac{\tanh^{n-1} x}{n-1} + \int (\tanh^{n-2} x) dx, \quad (n \neq 1)$

571. $\int (\operatorname{sech}^2 x) dx = \tanh x$

572. $\int (\cosh^2 x) dx = \frac{\sinh 2x}{4} + \frac{x}{2}$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

573. $\int (\coth^2 x) dx = x - \coth x$

574. $\int (\coth^n x) dx = -\frac{\coth^{n-1} x}{n-1} + \int \coth^{n-2} x dx, \quad (n \neq 1)$

575. $\int (\operatorname{csch}^2 x) dx = -\operatorname{ctnh} x$

576. $\int (\sinh mx)(\sinh nx) dx = \frac{\sinh(m+n)x}{2(m+n)} - \frac{\sinh(m-n)x}{2(m-n)}, \quad (m^2 \neq n^2)$

577. $\int (\cosh mx)(\cosh nx) dx = \frac{\sinh(m+n)x}{2(m+n)} + \frac{\sinh(m-n)x}{2(m-n)}, \quad (m^2 \neq n^2)$

578. $\int (\sinh mx)(\cosh nx) dx = \frac{\cosh(m+n)x}{2(m+n)} + \frac{\cosh(m-n)x}{2(m-n)}, \quad (m^2 \neq n^2)$

579. $\int \left(\sinh^{-1} \frac{x}{a} \right) dx = x \sinh^{-1} \frac{x}{a} - \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}, \quad (a > 0)$

580. $\int x \left(\sinh^{-1} \frac{x}{a} \right) dx = \left(\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{a^2}{4} \right) \sinh^{-1} \frac{x}{a} - \frac{x}{4} \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}, \quad (a > 0)$

581. $\int x^n (\sinh^{-1} x) dx = \left(\frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} \right) \sinh^{-1} x - \frac{1}{n+1} \int \frac{x^{n+1}}{(1+x^2)^{1/2}} dx, \quad (n \neq -1)$

582. $\int \left(\cosh^{-1} \frac{x}{a} \right) dx = \begin{cases} x \cosh^{-1} \frac{x}{a} - \sqrt{x^2 - a^2}, & \left(\cosh^{-1} \frac{x}{a} > 0 \right) \\ \text{or} \\ x \cosh^{-1} \frac{x}{a} + \sqrt{x^2 - a^2}, & \left(\cosh^{-1} \frac{x}{a} < 0 \right), \end{cases} \quad (a > 0)$

583. $\int x \left(\cosh^{-1} \frac{x}{a} \right) dx = \frac{2x^2 - a^2}{4} \cosh^{-1} \frac{x}{a} - \frac{x}{4} (x^2 - a^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

584. $\int x^n (\cosh^{-1} x) dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} \cosh^{-1} x - \frac{1}{n+1} \int \frac{x^{n+1}}{(x^2 - 1)^{1/2}} dx, \quad (n \neq -1)$

585. $\int \left(\tanh^{-1} \frac{x}{a} \right) dx = x \tanh^{-1} \frac{x}{a} + \frac{a}{2} \log(a^2 - x^2), \quad \left(\left| \frac{x}{a} \right| < 1 \right)$

586. $\int \left(\coth^{-1} \frac{x}{a} \right) dx = x \coth^{-1} \frac{x}{a} + \frac{a}{2} \log(x^2 - a^2), \quad \left(\left| \frac{x}{a} \right| > 1 \right)$

587. $\int x \left(\tanh^{-1} \frac{x}{a} \right) dx = \frac{x^2 - a^2}{2} \tanh^{-1} \frac{x}{a} + \frac{ax}{2}, \quad \left(\left| \frac{x}{a} \right| < 1 \right)$

588. $\int x^n (\tanh^{-1} x) dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} \tanh^{-1} x - \frac{1}{n+1} \int \frac{x^{n+1}}{1-x^2} dx, \quad (n \neq -1)$

589. $\int x \left(\coth^{-1} \frac{x}{a} \right) dx = \frac{x^2 - a^2}{2} \coth^{-1} \frac{x}{a} + \frac{ax}{2}, \quad \left(\left| \frac{x}{a} \right| > 1 \right)$

590. $\int x^n (\coth^{-1} x) dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} \coth^{-1} x + \frac{1}{n+1} \int \frac{x^{n+1}}{x^2 - 1} dx, \quad (n \neq -1)$

591. $\int (\operatorname{sech}^{-1} x) dx = x \operatorname{sech}^{-1} x + \sin^{-1} x$

592. $\int x \operatorname{sech}^{-1} x dx = \frac{x^2}{2} \operatorname{sech}^{-1} x - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1-x^2}$

593. $\int x^n \operatorname{sech}^{-1} x dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} \operatorname{sech}^{-1} x + \frac{1}{n+1} \int \frac{x^n}{(1-x^2)^{1/2}} dx, \quad (n \neq -1)$

594. $\int \operatorname{csch}^{-1} x dx = x \operatorname{csch}^{-1} x + \frac{x}{|x|} \sinh^{-1} x$

INTEGRALS (Continued)

595. $\int x \operatorname{csch}^{-1} x dx = \frac{x^2}{2} \operatorname{csch}^{-1} x + \frac{1}{2} \frac{x}{|x|} \sqrt{1+x^2}$

596. $\int x^n \operatorname{csch}^{-1} x dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} \operatorname{csch}^{-1} x + \frac{1}{n+1} \frac{x}{|x|} \int \frac{x^n}{(x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{2}}} dx, \quad (n \neq -1)$

DEFINITE INTEGRALS

597. $\int_0^\infty x^{n-1} e^{-x} dx = \int_0^1 \left(\log \frac{1}{x}\right)^{n-1} dx = \frac{1}{n} \prod_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{m}\right)^n}{1 + \frac{n}{m}}$
 $= \Gamma(n), \quad n \neq 0, -1, -2, -3, \dots \quad (\text{Gamma Function})$

598. $\int_0^\infty t^p p^{-t} dt = \frac{n!}{(\log p)^{n+1}}, \quad (n = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots \text{ and } p > 0)$

599. $\int_0^\infty t^{n-1} e^{-(a+1)t} dt = \frac{\Gamma(n)}{(a+1)^n}, \quad (n > 0, a > -1)$

600. $\int_0^1 x^m \left(\log \frac{1}{x}\right)^n dx = \frac{\Gamma(n+1)}{(m+1)^{n+1}}, \quad (m > -1, n > -1)$

601. $\Gamma(n)$ is finite if $n > 0$, $\Gamma(n+1) = n\Gamma(n)$

602. $\Gamma(n) \cdot \Gamma(1-n) = \frac{\pi}{\sin n\pi}$

603. $\Gamma(n) = (n-1)!$ if $n = \text{integer} > 0$

604. $\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}) = 2 \int_0^\infty e^{-t^2} dt = \sqrt{\pi} = 1.7724538509 \dots = (-\frac{1}{2})!$

605. $\Gamma(n+\frac{1}{2}) = \frac{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \dots (2n-1)}{2^n} \sqrt{\pi} \quad n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$

606. $\Gamma(-n+\frac{1}{2}) = \frac{(-1)^n 2^n \sqrt{\pi}}{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \dots (2n-1)} \quad n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$

607. $\int_0^1 x^{m-1} (1-x)^{n-1} dx = \int_0^\infty \frac{x^{m-1}}{(1+x)^{m+n}} dx = \frac{\Gamma(m)\Gamma(n)}{\Gamma(m+n)} = B(m, n)$
 (Beta function)

608. $B(m, n) = B(n, m) = \frac{\Gamma(m)\Gamma(n)}{\Gamma(m+n)}$, where m and n are any positive real numbers.

609. $\int_a^b (x-a)^m (b-x)^n dx = (b-a)^{m+n+1} \frac{\Gamma(m+1) \cdot \Gamma(n+1)}{\Gamma(m+n+2)}, \quad (m > -1, n > -1, b > a)$

610. $\int_1^\infty \frac{dx}{x^m} = \frac{1}{m-1}, \quad [m > 1]$

611. $\int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{(1+x)x^p} = \pi \csc p\pi, \quad [p < 1]$

612. $\int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{(1-x)x^p} = -\pi \cot p\pi, \quad [p < 1]$

613. $\int_0^\infty \frac{x^{p-1} dx}{(1+x)} = \frac{\pi}{\sin p\pi}$
 $= B(p, 1-p) = \Gamma(p)\Gamma(1-p), \quad [0 < p < 1]$

614. $\int_0^\infty \frac{x^{m-1} dx}{1+x^n} = \frac{\pi}{n \sin \frac{m\pi}{n}}, \quad [0 < m < n]$

DEFINITE INTEGRALS (Continued)

615. $\int_0^\infty \frac{x^a dx}{(m+x^b)^c} = \frac{m^{(a+1-bc)/b}}{b} \left[\frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{a+1}{b}\right) \Gamma\left(c - \frac{a+1}{b}\right)}{\Gamma(c)} \right]$
 $(a > -1, b > 0, m > 0, c > \frac{a+1}{b})$

616. $\int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{(1+x)\sqrt{x}} = \pi$

617. $\int_0^\infty \frac{ax dx}{a^2 + x^2} = \frac{\pi}{2}, \quad \text{if } a > 0; 0, \text{ if } a = 0; -\frac{\pi}{2}, \text{ if } a < 0$

618. $\int_0^a (a^2 - x^2)^{n/2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-a}^a (a^2 - x^2)^{n/2} dx = \frac{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \dots n}{2 \cdot 4 \cdot 6 \dots (n+1)} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} \cdot a^{n+1} \quad (n \text{ odd})$

619. $\int_0^a x^m (a^2 - x^2)^{n/2} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} a^{m+n+1} B\left(\frac{m+1}{2}, \frac{n+2}{2}\right) \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{1}{2} a^{m+n+1} \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{m+1}{2}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{n+2}{2}\right)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{m+n+3}{2}\right)} \end{cases}$

620. $\int_0^{\pi/2} (\sin^n x) dx = \begin{cases} \int_0^{\pi/2} (\cos^n x) dx \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 \dots (n-1) \pi}{2 \cdot 4 \cdot 6 \cdot 8 \dots (n)} \frac{1}{2}, \quad (n \text{ an even integer, } n \neq 0) \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{2 \cdot 4 \cdot 6 \cdot 8 \dots (n-1)}{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 \dots (n)}, \quad (n \text{ an odd integer, } n \neq 1) \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{n+1}{2}\right)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{n}{2}+1\right)}, \quad (n > -1) \end{cases}$

621. $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin mx dx}{x} = \frac{\pi}{2}, \quad \text{if } m > 0; 0, \text{ if } m = 0; -\frac{\pi}{2}, \text{ if } m < 0$

622. $\int_0^\infty \frac{\cos x dx}{x} = \infty$

623. $\int_0^\infty \frac{\tan x dx}{x} = \frac{\pi}{2}$

624. $\int_0^\pi \sin ax \cdot \sin bx dx = \int_0^\pi \cos ax \cdot \cos bx dx = 0, \quad (a \neq b; a, b \text{ integers})$

625. $\int_0^{\pi/a} [\sin(ax)][\cos(ax)] dx = \int_0^\pi [\sin(ax)][\cos(ax)] dx = 0$

626. $\int_0^\pi [\sin(ax)][\cos(bx)] dx = \frac{2a}{a^2 - b^2}, \text{ if } a - b \text{ is odd, or 0 if } a - b \text{ is even}$

627. $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin x \cos mx dx}{x} = 0, \quad \text{if } m < -1 \text{ or } m > 1; \frac{\pi}{4}, \text{ if } m = \pm 1; \frac{\pi}{2}, \text{ if } m^2 < 1$

DEFINITE INTEGRALS (Continued)

628. $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin ax \sin bx}{x^2} dx = \frac{\pi a}{2}, \quad (a \leq b)$

629. $\int_0^\pi \sin^2 mx dx = \int_0^\pi \cos^2 mx dx = \frac{\pi}{2}$

630. $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin^2(px)}{x^2} dx = \frac{\pi p}{2}$

631. $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin x}{x^p} dx = \frac{\pi}{2\Gamma(p)\sin(p\pi/2)}, \quad 0 < p < 1$

632. $\int_0^\infty \frac{\cos x}{x^p} dx = \frac{\pi}{2\Gamma(p)\cos(p\pi/2)}, \quad 0 < p < 1$

633. $\int_0^\infty \frac{1 - \cos px}{x^2} dx = \frac{\pi p}{2}$

634. $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin px \cos qx}{x} dx = \left\{ 0, q > p > 0; \frac{\pi}{2}, p > q > 0; \frac{\pi}{4}, p = q > 0 \right\}$

635. $\int_0^\infty \frac{\cos(mx)}{x^2 + a^2} dx = \frac{\pi}{2|a|} e^{-|ma|}$

636. $\int_0^\infty \cos(x^2) dx = \int_0^\infty \sin(x^2) dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}$

637. $\int_0^\infty \sin ax^n dx = \frac{1}{na^{1/n}} \Gamma(1/n) \sin \frac{\pi}{2n}, \quad n > 1$

638. $\int_0^\infty \cos ax^n dx = \frac{1}{na^{1/n}} \Gamma(1/n) \cos \frac{\pi}{2n}, \quad n > 1$

639. $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin x}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \int_0^\infty \frac{\cos x}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}$

640. (a) $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin^3 x}{x} dx = \frac{\pi}{4}$ (b) $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin^3 x}{x^2} dx = \frac{3}{4} \log 3$

641. $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin^3 x}{x^3} dx = \frac{3\pi}{8}$

642. $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin^4 x}{x^4} dx = \frac{\pi}{3}$

643. $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{dx}{1 + a \cos x} = \frac{\cos^{-1} a}{\sqrt{1 - a^2}}, \quad (a < 1)$

644. $\int_0^\pi \frac{dx}{a + b \cos x} = \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}, \quad (a > b \geq 0)$

645. $\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{dx}{1 + a \cos x} = \frac{2\pi}{\sqrt{1 - a^2}}, \quad (a^2 < 1)$

646. $\int_0^\infty \frac{\cos ax - \cos bx}{x} dx = \log \frac{b}{a}$

647. $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{dx}{a^2 \sin^2 x + b^2 \cos^2 x} = \frac{\pi}{2ab}$

648. $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{dx}{(a^2 \sin^2 x + b^2 \cos^2 x)^2} = \frac{\pi(a^2 + b^2)}{4a^3 b^3}, \quad (a, b > 0)$

649. $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^{n-1} x \cos^{m-1} x dx = \frac{1}{2} B\left(\frac{n}{2}, \frac{m}{2}\right), \quad m \text{ and } n \text{ positive integers}$

DEFINITE INTEGRALS (Continued)

650. $\int_0^{\pi/2} (\sin^{2n+1} \theta) d\theta = \frac{2 \cdot 4 \cdot 6 \dots (2n)}{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \dots (2n+1)}, \quad (n = 1, 2, 3, \dots)$

651. $\int_0^{\pi/2} (\sin^{2n} \theta) d\theta = \frac{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \dots (2n-1)}{2 \cdot 4 \dots (2n)} \left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right), \quad (n = 1, 2, 3, \dots)$

652. $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{x}{\sin x} dx = 2 \left\{ \frac{1}{1^2} - \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} - \frac{1}{7^2} + \dots \right\}$

653. $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{dx}{1 + \tan^m x} = \frac{\pi}{4}$

654. $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sqrt{\cos \theta} d\theta = \frac{(2\pi)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{[\Gamma(\frac{1}{4})]^2}$

655. $\int_0^{\pi/2} (\tan^h \theta) d\theta = \frac{\pi}{2 \cos\left(\frac{h\pi}{2}\right)}, \quad (0 < h < 1)$

656. $\int_0^\infty \frac{\tan^{-1}(ax) - \tan^{-1}(bx)}{x} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \log \frac{a}{b}, \quad (a, b > 0)$

657. The area enclosed by a curve defined through the equation $x^{\frac{b}{c}} + y^{\frac{b}{c}} = a^{\frac{b}{c}}$ where $a > 0$, c a positive odd integer and b a positive even integer is given by

$$\frac{\left[\Gamma\left(\frac{c}{b}\right)\right]^2}{\Gamma\left(\frac{2c}{b}\right)} \left(\frac{2ca^2}{b}\right)$$

658. $I = \iiint_R x^{h-1} y^{m-1} z^{n-1} dv$, where R denotes the region of space bounded by the

co-ordinate planes and that portion of the surface $\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^p + \left(\frac{y}{b}\right)^q + \left(\frac{z}{c}\right)^k = 1$, which lies in the first octant and where $h, m, n, p, q, k, a, b, c$, denote positive real numbers is given by

$$\int_0^a x^{h-1} dx \int_0^{b^{[1-(x/a)^p]^{1/e}}} y^m dy \int_0^{c^{[1-(x/a)^p-(y/b)^q]^{1/e}}} z^{n-1} dz = \frac{a^h b^m c^n}{pqk} \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{h}{p}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{q}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{n}{k}\right)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{h}{p} + \frac{m}{q} + \frac{n}{k} + 1\right)}$$

659. $\int_0^\infty e^{-ax} dx = \frac{1}{a}, \quad (a > 0)$

660. $\int_0^\infty \frac{e^{-ax} - e^{-bx}}{x} dx = \log \frac{b}{a}, \quad (a, b > 0)$

661. $\int_0^\infty x^n e^{-ax} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\Gamma(n+1)}{a^{n+1}}, & (n > -1, a > 0) \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{n!}{a^{n+1}}, & (a > 0, n \text{ positive integer}) \end{cases}$

662. $\int_0^\infty x^p \exp(-ax^p) dx = \frac{\Gamma(k)}{pa^k}, \quad \left(n > -1, p > 0, a > 0, k = \frac{n+1}{p}\right)$

663. $\int_0^\infty e^{-a^2 x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2a} \sqrt{\pi} = \frac{1}{2a} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right), \quad (a > 0)$

664. $\int_0^\infty x e^{-x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2}$

DEFINITE INTEGRALS (Continued)

665. $\int_0^\infty x^2 e^{-x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{4}$

666. $\int_0^\infty x^{2n} e^{-ax^2} dx = \frac{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \dots (2n-1)}{2^{n+1} a^n} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{a}}$

667. $\int_0^\infty x^{2n+1} e^{-ax^2} dx = \frac{n!}{2a^{n+1}}, \quad (a > 0)$

668. $\int_0^1 x^m e^{-ax} dx = \frac{m!}{a^{m+1}} \left[1 - e^{-a} \sum_{r=0}^m \frac{a^r}{r!} \right]$

669. $\int_0^\infty e^{(-x^2-a^2/x^2)} dx = \frac{e^{-2a}\sqrt{\pi}}{2}, \quad (a \geq 0)$

670. $\int_0^\infty e^{-nx} \sqrt{x} dx = \frac{1}{2n} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{n}}$

671. $\int_0^\infty \frac{e^{-nx}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{n}}$

672. $\int_0^\infty e^{-ax} (\cos mx) dx = \frac{a}{a^2 + m^2}, \quad (a > 0)$

673. $\int_0^\infty e^{-ax} (\sin mx) dx = \frac{m}{a^2 + m^2}, \quad (a > 0)$

674. $\int_0^\infty x e^{-ax} [\sin(bx)] dx = \frac{2ab}{(a^2 + b^2)^2}, \quad (a > 0)$

675. $\int_0^\infty x e^{-ax} [\cos(bx)] dx = \frac{a^2 - b^2}{(a^2 + b^2)^2}, \quad (a > 0)$

676. $\int_0^\infty x^n e^{-ax} [\sin(bx)] dx = \frac{n![(a+ib)^{n+1} - (a-ib)^{n+1}]}{2i(a^2 + b^2)^{n+1}}, \quad (i^2 = -1, a > 0)$

677. $\int_0^\infty x^n e^{-ax} [\cos(bx)] dx = \frac{n![(a-ib)^{n+1} + (a+ib)^{n+1}]}{2(a^2 + b^2)^{n+1}}, \quad (i^2 = -1, a > 0)$

678. $\int_0^\infty \frac{e^{-ax} \sin x}{x} dx = \cot^{-1} a, \quad (a > 0)$

679. $\int_0^\infty e^{-a^2 x^2} \cos bx dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2a} \exp\left(-\frac{b^2}{4a^2}\right), \quad (ab \neq 0)$

680. $\int_0^\infty e^{-t \cos \phi} t^{b-1} [\sin(t \sin \phi)] dt - [\Gamma(b)] \sin(b\phi), \quad \left(b > 0, -\frac{\pi}{2} < \phi < \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$

681. $\int_0^\infty e^{-t \cos \phi} t^{b-1} [\cos(t \sin \phi)] dt - [\Gamma(b)] \cos(b\phi), \quad \left(b > 0, -\frac{\pi}{2} < \phi < \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$

682. $\int_0^\infty t^{b-1} \cos t dt = [\Gamma(b)] \cos\left(\frac{b\pi}{2}\right), \quad (0 < b < 1)$

683. $\int_0^\infty t^{b-1} (\sin t) dt = [\Gamma(b)] \sin\left(\frac{b\pi}{2}\right), \quad (0 < b < 1)$

684. $\int_0^1 (\log x)^n dx = (-1)^n \cdot n!$

685. $\int_0^1 \left(\log \frac{1}{x}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}$

686. $\int_0^1 \left(\log \frac{1}{x}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} dx = \sqrt{\pi}$

DEFINITE INTEGRALS (Continued)

687. $\int_0^1 \left(\log \frac{1}{x}\right)^n dx = n!$

688. $\int_0^1 x \log(1-x) dx = -\frac{3}{4}$

689. $\int_0^1 x \log(1+x) dx = \frac{1}{4}$

690. $\int_0^1 x^m (\log x)^n dx = \frac{(-1)^n n!}{(m+1)^{n+1}}, \quad m > -1, n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$

If $n \neq 0, 1, 2, \dots$ replace $n!$ by $\Gamma(n+1)$.

691. $\int_0^1 \frac{\log x}{1+x} dx = -\frac{\pi^2}{12}$

692. $\int_0^1 \frac{\log x}{1-x} dx = -\frac{\pi^2}{6}$

693. $\int_0^1 \frac{\log(1+x)}{x} dx = \frac{\pi^2}{12}$

694. $\int_0^1 \frac{\log(1-x)}{x} dx = -\frac{\pi^2}{6}$

695. $\int_0^1 (\log x)[\log(1+x)] dx = 2 - 2 \log 2 - \frac{\pi^2}{12}$

696. $\int_0^1 (\log x)[\log(1-x)] dx = 2 - \frac{\pi^2}{6}$

697. $\int_0^1 \frac{\log x}{1-x^2} dx = -\frac{\pi^2}{8}$

698. $\int_0^1 \log\left(\frac{1+x}{1-x}\right) \cdot \frac{dx}{x} = \frac{\pi^2}{4}$

699. $\int_0^1 \frac{\log x dx}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} = -\frac{\pi}{2} \log 2$

700. $\int_0^1 x^m \left[\log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \right]^n dx = \frac{\Gamma(n+1)}{(m+1)^{n+1}}, \quad \text{if } m+1 > 0, n+1 > 0$

701. $\int_0^1 \frac{(x^p - x^q) dx}{\log x} = \log\left(\frac{p+1}{q+1}\right), \quad (p+1 > 0, q+1 > 0)$

702. $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{\sqrt{\log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}} = \sqrt{\pi}, \text{ (same as integral 686)}$

703. $\int_0^\infty \log\left(\frac{e^x + 1}{e^x - 1}\right) dx = \frac{\pi^2}{4}$

704. $\int_0^{\pi/2} (\log \sin x) dx = \int_0^{\pi/2} \log \cos x dx = -\frac{\pi}{2} \log 2$

705. $\int_0^{\pi/2} (\log \sec x) dx = \int_0^{\pi/2} \log \csc x dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \log 2$

706. $\int_0^\pi x(\log \sin x) dx = -\frac{\pi^2}{2} \log 2$

707. $\int_0^{\pi/2} (\sin x)(\log \sin x) dx = \log 2 - 1$

DEFINITE INTEGRALS (Continued)

708. $\int_0^{\pi/2} (\log \tan x) dx = 0$

709. $\int_0^\pi \log(a \pm b \cos x) dx = \pi \log\left(\frac{a + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}{2}\right), \quad (a \geq b)$

710. $\int_0^\pi \log(a^2 - 2ab \cos x + b^2) dx = \begin{cases} 2\pi \log a, & a \geq b > 0 \\ 2\pi \log b, & b \geq a > 0 \end{cases}$

711. $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin ax}{\sinh bx} dx = \frac{\pi}{2b} \tanh \frac{a\pi}{2b}$

712. $\int_0^\infty \frac{\cos ax}{\cosh bx} dx = \frac{\pi}{2b} \operatorname{sech} \frac{a\pi}{2b}$

713. $\int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{\cosh ax} = \frac{\pi}{2a}$

714. $\int_0^\infty \frac{x dx}{\sinh ax} = \frac{\pi^2}{4a^2}$

715. $\int_0^\infty e^{-ax} (\cosh bx) dx = \frac{a}{a^2 - b^2}, \quad (0 \leq |b| < a)$

716. $\int_0^\infty e^{-ax} (\sinh bx) dx = \frac{b}{a^2 - b^2}, \quad (0 \leq |b| < a)$

717. $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sinh ax}{e^{bx} + 1} dx = \frac{\pi}{2b} \csc \frac{a\pi}{b} - \frac{1}{2a}$

718. $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sinh ax}{e^{bx} - 1} dx = \frac{1}{2a} - \frac{\pi}{2b} \cot \frac{a\pi}{b}$

719. $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1 - k^2 \sin^2 x}} = \frac{\pi}{2} \left[1 + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 k^2 + \left(\frac{1 \cdot 3}{2 \cdot 4}\right)^2 k^4 + \left(\frac{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5}{2 \cdot 4 \cdot 6}\right)^2 k^6 + \dots \right], \quad \text{if } k^2 < 1$

720. $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sqrt{1 - k^2 \sin^2 x} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \left[1 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 k^2 - \left(\frac{1 \cdot 3}{2 \cdot 4}\right)^2 \frac{k^4}{3} - \left(\frac{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5}{2 \cdot 4 \cdot 6}\right)^2 \frac{k^6}{5} - \dots \right], \quad \text{if } k^2 < 1$

721. $\int_0^\infty e^{-x} \log x dx = -\gamma = -0.5772157\dots$

722. $\int_0^\infty e^{-x^2} \log x dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{4} (\gamma + 2 \log 2)$

723. $\int_0^\infty \left(\frac{1}{1 - e^{-x}} - \frac{1}{x} \right) e^{-x} dx = \gamma = 0.5772157\dots \quad [\text{Euler's Constant}]$

724. $\int_0^\infty \frac{1}{x} \left(\frac{1}{1+x} - e^{-x} \right) dx = \gamma = 0.5772157\dots$

For n even:

725. $\int \cos^n x dx = \frac{1}{2^{n-1}} \sum_{k=0}^{n/2-1} \binom{n}{k} \frac{\sin(n-2k)x}{(n-2k)} + \frac{1}{2^n} \binom{n}{n/2} x$

DEFINITE INTEGRALS (Continued)

$$726. \int \sin^n x dx = \frac{1}{2^{n-1}} \sum_{k=0}^{n/2-1} \binom{n}{k} \frac{\sin[(n-2k)(\frac{\pi}{2}-x)]}{2k-n} + \frac{1}{2^n} \binom{n}{n/2} x$$

For n odd:

$$727. \int \cos^n x dx = \frac{1}{2^{n-1}} \sum_{k=0}^{(n-1)/2} \binom{n}{k} \frac{\sin(n-2k)x}{n-2k}$$

$$728. \int \sin^n x dx = \frac{1}{2^{n-1}} \sum_{k=0}^{(n-1)/2} \binom{n}{k} \frac{\sin[(n-2k)(\frac{\pi}{2}-x)]}{2k-n}$$